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WHAT DID THE PRIVATES DO?

[Washington Vidette.]

Our dailies teem with daring deeds,
And books are filled with fame,
Brass bands will play and cannons roar
In honor of the name
Of men who held commissions, and
Were honest, brave and true;
But still the question comes to me,
What did the privates do?

Who were the men to guard the camp
When the foes were hovering round?
Who dug the graves of comrades dear?
Who laid them in the ground?
Who sent the dying message home
To those he never knew?
If the officers did all this,
What did the privates do?

Who were the men to fill the place
Of comrades slain in strife?
Who were the men to risk their own
To save a comrade's life?
Who was it lived on salted pork
And bread too hard to chew?
If officers did this alone
What did the privates do?

Who laid in pits on rainy nights
All eager for the fray?
Who marched beneath a scorching sun
Through many a toilsome day?
Who paid the sutler double price,
And scanty rations drew?
If officers get all the praise,
Then what did privates do?

All honor to the brave old boys
Who rallied at the call!
Without regard to name or rank,
We honor one and all.
They're passing over, one by one,
And soon they'll all be gone
To where the books will surely show
Just what the boys have done.

Letter from Florida.

[For the Observer.]

HAWTHORNE, FLA., Dec. 30, 1887.

MR. EDITOR:—We left the thriving little town of Dunn a few months ago to visit the "Land of Flowers." As we were the pioneers of the place, and had made and seemed many warm friends there, it was almost a heart-rending scene to part from those whom we so much cared for. Though we had so much anxiety to visit this beautiful land we scarcely had courage to start.

first made our home at the pretty little city of Melrose, where we pleasantly spent three months—really longer than we anticipated—but we so soon made so many friends and found all so pleasant that we could not leave them.

The town is beautifully laid off between the Santafee and Melrose lakes, which gives it many elegant lake fronts. It is connected with the railroad at Waldo by a small steamer on Lake Santafee. Here we find many of the good old solid Baptists, and it seems as if we are a little partial to them and feel ourselves at home with them wherever we find them; though we think lots of the Methodists, especially the fairer sex, and here we find some as good and as lovely as we ever saw. We seemed to fall in love with Melrose, even with its name, for we once used one-half of it in writing to our "sweetheart," so it seems very familiar.

While there we went out in the orange groves and up the thorny trees to pluck the nice ripe fruit. We tried our hands at wrapping and packing, for we wanted to know how it was all done; we feel it a honor to know how to do all things. We very much admired the beauty of the groves. The green foliage, heavy laden with the golden fruit is beautiful to anyone's eye.

We finally decided we had no more time at Melrose, so we bade all farewell, and now we are located in the handsome little town of Hawthorne. We find more life here, as they have two railroads, and more business houses which make it lively, and with everything else so many pretty girls. Boys, you know, are apt to look out for these. We will be afraid to remain here long for fear we never get away. We have met with some of the most charming young ladies we have ever seen. All we object to is the name "cracker;" we don't think they ought to be called such. It sounds too much like our "Tar Heel backwoods crackers," and anyone who don't know would think that they are all on that style. But "cracker" is only a name. We have visited several other places where we had time for only a short stay. We can say we are well pleased with the "Land of Flowers," and that it has a true name. We intend visiting several other places, and making a full examination of all we see, so when we return to our home A will not be ignorant and know nothing out anything we have seen. We must that in our travels over several other S we have never found a more clever, erous and christian-hearted people i lives. They seem to be happy, and to to make you happy. But for want of s I must close. TAR HEELIA

Letter from Superintendent Finger.

OFFICE SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 14, 1887.

DEAR SIR:—Accept thanks and exte the same to the Board of Education efforts to improve the schools of your co ty. Public schools are a part of mod civilization. They are fixed in our C stitution, and the only sensible thing t is to make them better just as fast as sible.

It is to be hoped that you will find o men in the different neighborhoods will consent to act as committeemen that the Justices of the Peace at the County Commissioners will always brief co-operate with the school officers that as much money will be appl schools as is consistent with other ry demands.

We need longer school terms, houses and furniture, better teac uniformity of text-books. If you that the *State-list* books are used not only save money to your pery, you will add to the efficiency schools. A circular to teachers mittee-men explaining the best ment does a great deal of go books are good ones, and they from any objectionable sentime law contemplates that they sh the schools at least as fast as new books are purchased.

I note from your report that there has been a slight increase of length of school terms, and I note further that the schools got only $1.50 on the poll instead of $1,503. I do not understand how the sheriff can refuse to pay over all school funds as required by section 2563 of the school law, and how the Commissioners can neglect to have him pay the full $1.59 to the school fund.

Yours truly,
S. M. FINGER,
Supt. Pub. Instruction.

H. McD. ROBINSON,
Co. Supt. and Sec'y,
Fayetteville, N. C.

Conceited Young Men—Their Usual Fate.

[New York Ledger.]

There is a certain class of young men who know almost nothing from experience, yet start in the race of life with the most transcendant ideas of their own importance and abilities. In their own estimation, nobody that ever lived was half so smart as they are; and all the rest of the rising generation are fools in comparison with them. They will soon show the world what can be done by their superior skill in business. And as for their failing in their schemes, that is quite impossible; they will defy the cunningest sharper to cheat them. Just let them alone, and give them a fair field, and they will show what can be done.

To whatever degree of loftiness the pretentions of such a young man may have aspired, it is not long before he begins to suspect that the world is neither so silly nor so easily prevailed upon to second his views as he imagined. Presuming upon his innate knowledge of mankind in all their various classes, he affects an excess of liberality in his dealings. He enters into acquaintanceship with anybody, implicitly gives credit when sought for, and even becomes security for several of his dearest friends.

It is generally seen that he also reckons with an amazing degree of confidence on the effects of his personal appearance. Everything about him is to attract universal admiration, the elegant contour of his hair, his handsomely made coat, the peculiarly genteel color of his gloves, the graceful drop in the chain of his watch, are all, in his estimation, to be at once productive of envy among his competitors, and cause of the deepest admiration and love among all the young ladies who have the happiness or misery to behold him.

The conceited young man further prides himself on his speculations in business. He tries to carry on trade by a sort of sleight of hand, or by being up to everything. Yet, somehow, he finds all will not do. His friends turn out unsubstantial visions; his elegant appearance fails entirely in gaining him either credit or respect; his means vanish in schemes which are proved to be unutterably ridiculous, and he at length makes the notable discovery that other people are just as wise and as smart as himself. Above all, he finds that there is no possibility of attaining any great and profitable end without accommodating himself to a thousand petty circumstances that occur, and manfully breasting every succeeding wave of adversity that threatens to wallow him up.

Rabbits in Australia.

[Glasgow Evening Times]

The "rabbit question" is still a burning one in several of the Australian colonies. Victoria, Queensland and New South Wales are each of them suffering from the past, and their governments are much exercised as to the best means of abating, not to say extirpating it. In New South Wales especially, where many of the pastoral districts have been almost taken possession of by the little mischiefs, a great deal of money has been spent in attempts to kill them off, without, apparently, much effect. A considerably army of rabbit killers has been in the field for two or three years back, and the ranks of the enemy have hardly been thinned. What the precise method adopted to catch and kill is we are not aware, but the expense of the protracted campaign, compared with the number of dead does not say much for its efficiency. Last year the payments in New South Wales amounted to £146,000, being at the rate of 1s. per rabbit slain. And yet 3,000,000 is a large number to have been bagged in a twelvemonth, and the carcasses might surely have kept a soup kitchen going merrily in the towns in the colony, where so many have been out of employment, and presumably in want of a good dinner.

The fact that such an immense slaughter has made little or no impression on the rabbit swarms shows to what proportions they have grown, how detrimental to the farming and grazing interests they must be, and how tremendous a task that of their extermination has become. Some fuller and more effective way of dealing with the pest is urgently demanded. One ingenious suggestor proposes jackals. These animals, it appears, hunt hares and rabbits as cats hunt mice. An instance is cited of their having in a few years cleared a similarly infested district of Algeria.

Import jackals in sufficient quantity, set them adrift in the overrun district, and the thing is as good as done. The Australians will probably be chary of sanctioning any novel importation. Who would have suspected that the introduction of a few innocent rabbits to give a home look to some Victorian farm would have given rise to a difficulty which has swollen almost to the dimensions of an Irish one? Would the jackal in its turn not be likely to become as troublesome as the rabbit.

A Mistake Which She Remembered.

[New York Sun.]

Boston young lady—"I want to look at a pair of eye-glasses, sir, of extra magnifying power."

Dealer—"Yes, ma'm; something very strong?"

"Yes, sir; while visiting in the country last summer I made a very painful blunder, which I never want to repeat."

"May I ask what that—er—blunder was?"

"Oh, yes; I mistook a bumble-bee for a blackberry."

Kentucky has an overplus of 42,000,000 gallons of whisky, and her people are praying for the opening of the Democratic National campaign.—*Washington Critic.*

STATE ROSTER.

North Carolina in the War With Mexico.

[Raleigh News and Observer.]

The Roster of North Carolina Troops in the war with Mexico prepared by the Adjutant General of the State under authority of the legislature has been printed and will be distributed as the law directs. The work makes a pamphlet of fifty pages, and contains the complete muster-out rolls of the First Regiment of North Carolina foot volunteers, and companies "G" and "I" of the Twelfth United States Infantry.

The regiment of volunteers was commanded by Col. Robert Treat Payne, who was appointed by Governor Graham as commander of the regiment from first to last. He was a native of Chowan, and then in his thirty-sixth year. He was a lawyer by profession, and at the time of his appointment represented Chowan county in the House of Commons. He was an energetic, efficient officer; conscientious, and a rigid disciplinarian. While in Mexico he drilled his regiment thoroughly, and brought it to a high state of discipline and efficiency.

The next officer in rank was the Lieutekant-Colonel, John A. Fagg, of Buncombe. He also at the time of his appointment had achieved some distinction in the politics of the State, having served as a member of the House of Commons in the years 1844 and 1846. Third in rank was the Major, Montfort S. Stokes, of Wilkes, son of Governor Stokes, and grandson of Col. Henry Irwin, of Edgecombe, who was killed at Germantown in 1777. His conduct in the service was so acceptable to his regiment that on their return they presented him a splendid sword as a mark of their esteem. His prominence as an experienced soldier secured for him the Colonelcy of the First North Carolina State Troops in the late war, a position which he filled with distinguished gallantry till his death in one of the battles around Richmond. Among the staff officers were Junius B. Whitaker and Oel A. Buck, adjutants; Gaston D. Cobb, surgeon; William P. Graves, commissary; Rush J. Mitchell, quartermaster; Robert F. Webb, Q. M. sergeant, and Samuel F. Williams, sergeant major—all names of more or less public distinction.

The field and staff were called into the service of the United States at Smithville, N. C., on the 10th day of April, 1847, and were honorably discharged at the same place on the 7th day of August, 1848—a period of one year, three months and eighteen days, which measures the duration of the service of the regiment.

The regiment was composed of ten companies, lettered A, B, C, &c. Company A was organized at Tarboro in December, 1846, by Louis D. Wilson, and was mustered into the service at Wilmington on January 8, 1847. This company was the first to volunteer in North Carolina. It was the largest company in the regiment, having one hundred and three men. Their first captain was the venerable and gallant patriot, Louis D. Wilson, one of the most admirable and beloved men that Edgecombe ever produced. Soon after entering the service he was appointed by the President of the United States colonel of the 12th Regiment of Infantry in the regular army, in which capacity he served with conspicuous zeal and bravery until his death, on the 12th of August, 1847, on the march from Vera Cruz to the capital. He was succeeded in the captainey of Company A by Oel Alfred Buck, who commanded the company throughout the rest of the war.

The other nine companies were organized during the winter of 1846-'47, and mustered into service at Smithville and Wilmington, except company C, from Concord, which was mustered in at Charlotte. The companies were organized at the following places: Company B, at Goldsboro; Co. C, Concord; Co. D, Yancey; Co. E, Tarboro; Co. F, Yanceyville; Co. G, Double Springs; Co. H, Raleigh; Co. I, Fayetteville; Co. K, Murphy. These companies were selected from a great number that had volunteered in this State—perhaps as many as ninety or a hundred in all.

The following is a list of the captains of the several companies: Co. A, Oel Alfred Buck; Co. B, Spyers Singleton; Co. C, Martin Shine and Henry A. Area; Co. D, Tilman Black and Jacob H. Constable; Co. E, William S. Duggan; C. F, George Williamson; Co. G, Patrick M. Henry; Co. H, William J. Price and George E. B. Singeltary; Co. I, Wm. E. Kilpatrick; Co. K, Samuel P. Tipton.

The regiment was quite strong, numbering 957 men; distributed among the companies as follows: Co. A, 103 men; B, 95; C, 83; D, 75; E, 79; F, 80; G, 87; H, 88; I, 91; K, 98; a detachment 39.

The regiment was assembled at Smithville and sailed thence to Mexico; the last company, Captain Tiptou's known as the Buncombe company, being the last to sail. This company sailed on the 29th of April 1847, on the schooner *Savory*, Capt. Weldon, and landed at Brazos near the mouth of the Rio Grande on the 27th May.

The regiment served under General Taylor in Northern Mexico. They were encamped most of the time in the vicinity of Monterey, and near the battlefield of Buena Vista. The war had been going on about a year when Payne's Regiment arrived. The battles of Palo Alto, Resaca de la Palma, Moterey, Buena Vista, Vera Cruz and Cerro Gordo had all been fought; and General Scott was preparing for the onward march to the capital of the Mexican republic, which he entered triumphantly and put an end to the war on the 13th day of September, 1847.

The North Carolinians were brigaded with the Virginia Regiment and Second Mississippi, and were under command of General Wool part of the time and of General Caleb Cushing. General Taylor's little army was kept in Northern Mexico to protect the frontier while Scott marched on the City of Mexico. They did not encounter the Mexicans; so that Col. Payne's Regiment was in no engagement. But the regiment lost heavily from sickness. One hundred and eighty men died, or about 18 per cent. of the entire force. The Edgecombe company lost most heavily—31 per cent. The Buncombe company's deathrate was the lowest in the regiment—12 per cent.

The companies in the 12th Infantry—G and I—saw hard service and made a fine record for efficiency and gallantry. They won distinction at the battle of the National Bridge, Aug. 12th, 1847. Company G was commanded successively by Captains Walter P. Richards and John F. Hoke. Among its officers were Lieutenants Chas. R. Jones and Edward Cantwell.

Company I was commanded by Capt. William J. Clarke. Among his lieutenants were Chas. Manly, Jr., John F. Hoke and James F. Waddell.

Junius B. Wheeler was a private in this company. While in Mexico he was appointed second lieutenant 11th U. S. Infantry. After the war he was appointed a cadet at the Military Academy. He served in the regular army, was at one time a professor in the Military Academy, and retired with pay of Colonel September 29th, 1884. He died at Lenoir July 15th, 1886. His daughter married Thomas Vance, son of the Senator.

The conduct of the North Carolina regiment was excellent in every respect, and its greatest misfortune was that it had no opportunity of displaying its valor on the battle-field. This roster will be read with special interest by the survivors of the regiment, many of whom are now among our distinguished and most useful citizens.

The regiment returned and was honorably discharged the service, part at Smithville, N. C., part Fortress Monroe, Va., and part at Fort Moultrie, S. C.

How to Find Out the Changes of the Weather With This Bone.

[Louisville Courier-Journal.]

The best reading of the goose bone is obtained before it has become thoroughly cold after being removed from the pot and scraped. If the bone is left to stand the marks become dim and uncertain and the reading is very unsatisfactory. Having your bone prepared, the best way to study it is to go into a dark room and hold it before a bright light. The bone is translucent, and held before a strong light the marks upon it may be plainly discerned. The marks on the keel of the bone are the ones that are of significance. The other discolorations on the bone are merely corroborative. The most distinguishing marks are in the shape of carets, breves, dots and semi-circles, and it is their position on the bone and the direction in which they are turned that gives the general indication of the weather.

If a majority of the caret-shaped marks point upward, it will be clear and cold; but if they point down it will be gloomy, falling weather, with more or less snow. The small breve marks and the semicircles, as well as the dots and the scratch-like marks on the bone, indicate the temperature, and the heavier and darker they are the colder will be the weather. If they are light, or but few of them on the bone, the winter will be open and pleasant. If the marks near the beginning of the bone point out, it indicates that there will be stormy, disagreeable weather during November; pointing out at the other end of the bone, they indicate bad weather for March. The ridge running along near the middle of the keel of the bone is indicative of the length and severity of the winter; if the edge extends, uninterrupted, the length of the bone, and is dark and heavy, the winter will be a severe one; but if the ridge grows weak and indistinct at places, for that part of the winter the weather will be warm and thawing.

All these features must be closely studied, first separately and then together. Any one, by closely studying the bone, can, correctly predict the general character of the weather during the three months; but it takes time, study and experience to divide the bone into days, so as to locate the date of the different changes. In Kentucky many of the best readers of the bone do not worry about reducing the prophecy to days, but are content with learning the general character of the winter, and this information is of great value to farmers when they find it such that they can depend upon it.

Manufacturers in North Carolina.

Your correspondent had an interview with Mr. W. N. Jones, the chief of the new Bureau of Labor Statistics. Just now he is at work on his first report, which will make a volume of some 350 pages, of which 200 are completed. All this is the first venture in a new field in North Carolina, and many things in the report will be, in a sense, revelations. The report will embody all possible information regarding wages of employees, matters relative to industrial and farming operations, &c. Mr. Jones said: "There are eighty cotton-factories, which annually consume 30,000,000 pounds of the staple. Many new factories are in course of operation. No less than $4,000,000 is invested in these factories, or double the amount invested in 1880, as stated in the census returns. There are 175 tobacco factories, with an invested capital of between $3,000,000 and $4,000,000. One factory alone has $1,000,000 capital. The increase in the capital invested in tobacco factories shows fully 100 per cent. increase as compared with 1880, taking the census returns again as a guide. People really do not know how rapidly manufacturine is progressing and developing in North Carolina. It is really wonderful when we contemplate what has been done in two thirds of the decade which began in 1871, and learn that twice as much capital is invested in the cotton and tobacco manufacture now as was then invested. In other respects similar progress has been maintained. No such exposition, in an entirely simple and unostentatious way, has yet been made of North Carolina's industrial achievement and advancement as this report will make. It will appear, the commissioner expects, about January 1st."

Cutting Red Tape.

[Harper's Bazar.]

(Interview between a negro and a sentinel at armory gate, Richmond just after the war.)

Sentinel: Halt!

Negro: What I gut halt for?

Sentinel: No one allowed in there.

Negro: But I 'bleeged ter go. I got a note for the boss.

Sentinel: No one allowed to go in without a pass.

Negro: But I tell you I 'bleeged ter go in; Mr. Annerson he sent me.

Sentinel: Can't help who sent you, you can't go in.

Negro: Well, den, you gimme de gun an' you take de note.

He Went to the Head.

[N. Y. Sun.]

Pretty school teacher—"Thomas, state some of the beauties of education."

Thomas (oldest boy in the class)—"School ma'ams."

HE STEPS DOWN AND OUT.

The Causes Which Have Led to the Negroe's Retirement from Congress.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—The negro has disappeared fron Congress. O'Hara, of North Carolina, (who was really only a mulatto,) and Smalls, of South Carolina, the last of the Africans, dropped out at the last election, and all the men who stood up in awkward squads to be sworn in on Monday had white faces. Martin, of Texas, who knows enough now not to blow out the gas, held up a black hand, but I guess the skin was white.

The negro is not only out of Congress, he is practically out of politics. The one political fear he had, that the Democrats would enslave him again if they should get into power, has disappeared since the Democrats have been in power a dozen years in the South and three years in Washington. He has no political hopes. He has, therefore, dismissed politics from his mind and gone to making money. As a farmer, planter, mechanic, he finds himself better off than he ever was as politician, and he has no hankering to go back. This is the whole secret of the decrease in the negro vote. He is too busy to vote, like many an intelligent, educated, rich white man North and South. I do not say that this sort of thing is right for rich or poor, white or black, North of South, but it is a fact.

During the war an attempt was made to recruit Massachusetts regiments among the negroes of South Carolina. Some of the younger darkies on a plantation were disposed to "jine the cavalry," but before enlisting they sought the advice of the Uncle Remus of the plantation.

"What's it all about?" he asked.

"Why," said one, "de Yankees is fightin' to free us, and de Confeds is fightin' to keep us slaves."

"And it's all about you, is it?"

"Yes."

"Well," said Uncle Remus, "it 'minds me ob two dogs fightin' ober a bone. But I neber heard ob de bone fightin' and you is de bone."

Now that about expresses the idea of the average darky. Before a Congresional election several year ago, Smalls, of South Carolina, came up here to see Edward McPherson, secretary of the Republican Congressional committee.

"I want some money.",," he said

"What for?" asked McPherson; "what do you want of money in a district overwhelmingly Republican like yours?"

"Why" explained Smalls, "I spent all my money getting the nomination, and now I haven't got any money for election expenses.

"Such as what?" asked McPherson.

"Why," said Smalls, "the men who meddle the tickets and challenge voters and do all the other work around the polls."

"But I should think," said McPherson, "you could get men to do that for nothing. Don't the Democrats?"

"Yes," said Smalls, "the Democrats do; but our fellows won't unless they're paid for it."

In other words, if there is no money in it they are indifferent and now that the most ignorant of their preachers, who are more influential with them that any other set of men, have got a good grip on the idea that the Democrats do not intend to put them back into slavery, they do not care a straw for the success of the Republican party. On the other hand, the whites care just as much as ever for the success of the Democratic party, so that all predictions that the Republicans will carry the Southern States in the next national election, are absurdly nonsensical.

Blanche K. Bruce; ex-Senator from Mississippi, is the only one of the Congressional negroes that has amounted to anything, and he is almost white. He was appointed register of the treasury after he left the Senate, resigned when Cleveland came in, and has been lecturing with success ever since. Bob Elliott, of South Carolina, was the smartest and most unscrupulous of all these statesmen. He got into Louisiana politics, and was finally tripped up by William Pitt Kellogg so badly that it broke his political back.

Joseph H. Rainey, of South Carolina, a modest mulatto, is occasionally seen here. He holds some government inspectorship, I think. But all the rest have gone glimmering into obscurity.

'Twas Risky Wooing.

[Texas Siftings.]

There is a lovely girl in southern Kansas around whom revolves a strange and startling mystery. She has many admirers, and still remains unengaged, for whenever a young fellow makes a proposal to her it is emphasized by the report of a pistol and he is shot from the outside by some unknown assassin. Who the mysterious man is no one knows, not even the young lady. This is very distressing to her and painful to her admirers, several of whom are limping around in a shattered condition, for the unknown assailant seems content with simply cripling his victim and supposed rival.

It must be very distressing to the young lady when a lover, ignorant of the risk he is running, drops down on one knee to make his avowal, and she realizes that an unseen Nemesis is lingering outside prepared to drop him on the other knee. Her agitation is mistaken for the workings of the tender passion with which he has inspired her, and he presses on toward his fate with increased ardor.

"Dearest," he cries, clinging to her hand, "do but speak the word. Tell me that you will be mine!"

"Oh, if you only knew," she gasps, looking wildly around.

"Yes, love, I do know. I have seen that you love me all along. But tell me so darling. Let those sweet lips breathe to me the words that I so long to here."

"You don't know the danger you are in," she says in an awful whisper, putting her hands to her ears instinctively to deaden the sound of the anticipated shot.

"For thee I would brave all dangers," he cries, vehemently; "your brother's frown, your father's vigorous boot, the dog chained in the back yard; ay, even the prospective and inevitable mother-in-law."

"Leave me as you value your life," she sobs, wringing her hands frantically.

"What is life without thee! Let me be a target—"

"I am afraid you will be," she moans.

"For your glances have pierced me through and through. Your sighs are love's bulletin—"

"There'll be a bullet in shortly," she gasps.

"Then tell me, dearest, that you will be mine."

"Alas! will he never tumble?"

Bang.

He tumbled.

The Affiance of the Chimpanzee in Central Park.

[Olive Thorne Miller in the December Cosmopolitan.]

This animal has proved so attractive to the public that the Park Commissioners bethought them to provide him with a mate. An order for a young femal chimpanzee was therefore sent out, and after two years of waiting a promising youug personage named Kitty was brought to New York, and a most unique courtship began. The baby, for she is but an infant still, being two years old and about half his size, is very pretty—for an ape—and a charmingly amiable and froliesome little creature. Not possessed by the mania of tearing everything to bits, she can be trusted with a hammock, in which she plays all sorts of amusing pranks, and a red shawl, the delight of her heart. She was introduced to Mr. Crowley by placing her in the next cage to his, separated by a close partition, in one part of which are narrow openings, hardly more than cracks, through which he can see and hear, but not touch.

His reception of her was not very gallant. He went mad with rage; he ached to tear her to pieces; he shouted at her; he pounded the partition; shook the bars; he fairly jumped up and down in passion. If anything was given to her, he raised a riot; and when his audience paid attention to her, he behaved like a tiger out of the jungle. In fact, he showed himself to be a ferocious wild beast. There is no doubt that he would have killed her instantly had she been in his power.

But Kitty was protected by her bars, and gradually he is getting more amiable, though with occasional relapses into his original sentiments that augurs ill for Miss Kitty's future. He grew wily after a little, and made use of other tactics to get her within reach. He came to the bars, coaxed, and chattered, and was very sociable till she came near, when he blinded her with a handful of sawdust. Poor Kitty retired in disgust, while Crowley scampered around his cage in a freuzy of joy, chuckling, turning somersaults, and indulging in the maddest of frolics.

Again he thrusts his long arms outside his cage in front, and around into her cage, his hand feeling around to seize whatever it might touch. Sometimes Kitty avoids it, sometimes she takes hold of it, occasionally she gives it a playful bite, upon which he jerks it back, rushes around his floor to gather a handful of sawdust, again puts his arm through the bars, and flings it at her. Hate her as he may, he can not help being interested; if any sound comes from her side of the wall he hurries to the opening and glues his ear or his eye to the crack, as an eavesdropper to a keyhole.

One day each of them had a stick to play with. Kitty amused herself biting hers to a point, pressing it into a hole too small to admit until it was reduced in size, and breaking it off, then biting it again, and repeating the operation, apparently liking the noise it made. Crowley used his stick to annoy her; he pushed it between the bars and tried to reach her with it. She would take hold of it, when he jerked it away, and was so pleased that he chuckled and grinned most unpleasantly. After tormenting her a long time, he grew careless, and she snatched it out of his hand. Then his fury was terrible to see; he raged round like a demon, pelted her with showers of sawdust, and became so obstreperous that one of the keepers took a long iron rod with a scraper on the end, and tried to discipline him. But so far from succeeding, Mr. Crowley turned the tables on him by snatching it out of his hand, and then he had a weapon with which he might easily kill half a dozen of his packed spectators. He had the strength to do it, too; he handled that six-foot rod as if it were a bamboo cane. There was a sort of panic outside; the crowd backed; the keeper snatched a longer iron of the same kind and kept the enraged beast so busy defending himself that he had not a chance to think of the power in his hands till the rod could be dragged out.

A Monkey Burglar.

[Leeds Mercury.]

In a house on the Boulevard Napoleon, of Toulouse, a woman locked up her money in a desk and went out shopping. On her return she missed three napoleons, a gold five-franc piece and a franc in silver. There was no trace of a burglary. Very much bewildered by these loses, the good woman was deep in reflection over the matter when she heard a roar of laughter from her neighbor's garden. "Oh, the theft!" cried several persons at once. "Where has he stolen this?" The dame descended instantly, ran out and said: "Oh, my money, messieurs; where is the theft?" "He is up a tree, madame," pointing to a monkey on a high branch above them, "but here is the money!"

The monkey, who certainly would be an invaluable assistance to a burglar, had been seen to climb into the windows of the good lady's rooms, had unlocked a drawer, found the money, and concealing it in his jowl had brought it to his master.

I find that no less an authority than Buffon declares that a female chimpanzee who went out to service at Loango made the beds, swept the house and so far assisted in the cooking as to turn the spit. Monsieur de Grandpre, an officer of the French navy, tells of another chimpanzee, on board a French man of war, which assists the cook and turns the capstan and furls sail as well as any of the sailors. In China monkeys help in the tea picking, and Lord Monboddo used to gravely contend that apes could talk readily enough, but that their superior cunning told them to hold their tongues lest they should be put to hard work.

The Intermarriage of Cousins.

[Medical Record.]

The Legislature of Illinois has passed a law making the intermarriage of cousins a penal offense. This is an unwise law, first because it interferes unduly with personal rights, and next because it is not called for. The marriage of cousins who are each of healthy family physique, and especially if they are of different temperament is quite free from danger.

REMOVAL.

My town and country friends will now find me at the store next to H. R. Horne's Drug Store, where I shall continue to keep a full line of

MILLINERY GOODS.

I shall be glad to see all my friends.

dec 15 1m MRS. JOHN SHAW.

Commissioner's Sale.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Superior Court, made at the November Term, 1887, I shall offer for sale that valuable farm on the east side of the Cape Fear river, known as the

"William Cade Plantation,"

at the Market House in Fayetteville, on Saturday, 7th January, 1888, at 12 o'clock. Terms of sale Cash. Sale to be approved by the Superior Court.

This property will be divided into lots or tracts to suit purchasers. For plot of said lands or further particulars, call on the undersigned or his attorney.

H. P. DAVIS, Commissioner.
C. W. BROADFOOT, Att'y. dec 1 ts

800 Acres Land

Eight Miles West

CLINTON, SAMPSON COUNTY, N. C.

Cotton and Corn Land. Most of it heavily timbered—Pine, Poplar, etc. *FINE CHANCE FOR LUMBERMAN.* Ten miles from R. R.; within four miles of water communication with Wilmington.

HEALTHY CLIMATE.

Cypress for Shingles. 100 acres Bottom Land. Turpentine Orchard. One-third cash. Address

A. J. EMERSON, Liverty, Mo., or
REV. J. L. STEWART, Clinton, N. C.
dec 15 2m

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
DECEMBER, 1887.

Take your memorandum book and your pocket book, or, if you prefer, don't bother about that (see you later), and come to the store of A. S. HUSKE & CO., look at their shelves crowded with such goods as only are to be had of a dealer in a growing town. We now feel the effect of having always dealt in

FIRST-GRADE GOODS

for our fancy retail trade, and this town, advancing in material prosperity, calls for a dealer who has the Novelties in his line, as well as the best Staple Goods. We are constantly receiving Fancy goods that were not seen in North Carolina before (we)

A. S. HUSKE & CO.

offered them. We make no vain boasts—facts are stubborn things. Take the trouble to see into this matter. The way to prove it is to make some purchases of us—get a taste of our goods, and you will *open your eyes.*

For Xmas

we are daily receiving goods, and hope to have a big trade. Help us all you can, and when you want us to see you out we will be on hand. Our stock of

Wholesale Goods

are as cheap as can be had elsewhere. Our stock of

PENNY GOODS, &c.,

Full, and more to arrive.

NUTS, RAISINS, CURRANTS, &C.

SUGAR, COFFEE AND LARD.

Bring in your country produce; we will buy Shingles, &c., &c., and give market price.

A PRETTY LINE OF FANCY CANDY.

☞ Call see us at our well-known place of business.

A. S. HUSKE & CO.

Belting! Belting!

Rubber Belting of all sizes.

Lacing Leather for Belts.

POWDER!

In kegs, half-kegs and quarter-kegs, delivered promptly from magazine at lowest market price.

A full line of

Hardware and Groceries

Always on hand.

CHARLES HAIGH,

oct 6 tf NO. 22 HAY STREET.

—AT—

T. W. BROADFOOT & CO'S

DRUG STORE

You will find THE NICEST LINES of

EXTRACTS

Tooth and Hair Brushes

On the market.

FRESH DRUGS

And all the Patent Medicines of the Day

ALWAYS ON HAND.

☞ They have just received a supply of WHITE ONION SETS, which they offer at lowest price.

T. W. BROADFOOT & CO.
oct 6 tf

CUMBERLAND HOUSE.

The most convenient to the travelling public. Is only 50 yards from the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad, in a pleasant location.

Table fare the BEST the market affords.

TERMS REASONABLE.

☞ Convenient for Dr[illegible]
may 19 1y

Excelsior [illegible] I will offer at Fayetteville, as 12 [illegible] and in Cumberland [illegible] known common- [illegible] the Morganton road, 7 [illegible] adjoining L. L. Worrels [illegible] er of sale contained in a [illegible] Luther to the late Neill [illegible] 1883, and registered Feb. [illegible] ice of Cumberland county, in [illegible] 334, to secure the purchase [illegible] land. Terms CASH.

ELIZABETH A. McQUEEN.
Ad. C. T. A. of Neill McQueen

OBSERVER.

G. H. HAIGH, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THURSDAY.....JANUARY 5, 1888.

1888.

The old year is gone and we commence again another march in the calendar of time. The past, with its work for good or ill, is gone. Its pleasant days, as well as its sad ones, may be full of good, for there are lessons learned and lessons to be unlearned which the past has taught that may be fraught with good to all. Experience is a sad but a necessary teacher; so may we all have learned in the past wisdom sufficient to make us shun our errors and cleave only to that which is good. In the year just buried our land has been blessed; we have been free from war or rumors of war. Peace and good will have been vouchsafed to us. The country is prosperous, and our own Southern land, onee so shattered and torn, is rising up in its might and fast taking rank in enterprising public spirit with the more favored North. We have been blessed, too, with a President whose manly course has been an encourager of all that was good, and who by his patriotic acts has cemented in stronger ties this favored land. The year of 1887 is gone, 1888 has started on her journey. In the year just past many homes have been make sorrowful; death has come when least expected. And so in this year we may expect that not all of us who start on the journey will reach the end, and with such belief that it may be you or I, let us with firm resolve determine that what e'er betide, we will be found as true soldiers watching at our posts, determined that duty to our God, our State and country shall ever be our foremost thought. That it may me a happy, prosperous year to each and all, is the wish of the OBSERVER.

CONGRESS.

Congress after taking its Christmas holiday assembled yesterday. And now we may expect to see work in earnest. The Blair bill will be at once pressed to disposal, it will, as it has done before, pass the Senate, and we are led to believe that it will pass the House. While we are not desirous of our State becoming a pensioner from the public crib. It is far better that the surplus now in the treasury be disposed of in this manner than that the Manderson Pension bill, a more sweeping one than that vetoed by the President at the last session should pass. This bill is the creature of the Grand Army of the Republic, who so spitefully and shamefully treated the President's former veto. It is now offered by Senator Manderson of Nebraska, and if we read aright, proposes to pension every one who was in the army or the wiow or children of those who were killed, died or may die, a sort of perpetual legacy to those who fought. It is much like the dependent pension bill, only a little more so, will take more money. Treasury experts claim that it will take more than 200,000,000, which was the estimate for for the dependent bill. Here is money in the Treasury, collected for the use of the Government, taken from the people by unjust and unwise taxation, and so taken that they are robbed without knowing it. Large amounts of it too, taken from the farmer, the mechanic and laborer, whose hardships are now hard to bare, and whose living is often stinted, for what? To be given to Union soldiers and their wives and their children when the large majority of them are even now living in luxury. The Republicans are anxious for the passage of this bill, that the protective tariff may not be reduced, and also that they may ingratiate themselves with the masses and thus get into power again.

A JAUNT OVER THE C. F. & Y. V.—Taking advantage of the Christmas holidays, we accepted an invitation from Messrs. R. W. Bidgood, auditor, and W. E. Kyle, general passenger and freight agent, to accompany them on a tour of inspection of this road. Our sole desire being to see that wonderful freak of nature, the Pilot Mountain, which is at present the limit of the road. It was an all day ride, stops from 10 to 30 minutes being made at every station. The ride was a delightful one, the road bed from one end to the other being in fine order. At Walnut Cove, 25 miles from the Pilot, for a better view of the country, we mounted the engine and rode with engineer J. A. Pemberton, who pointed out to us the various locations. The country through which the road passes is a rolling one, filled with hills and dales, rich in timber of the finest quality, and its lands are rich and yields wheat and corn, but mainly tobacco, the great product of all this country. It is land good to look upon. Our first view of the Pilot was a little beyond Walnut Cove. The road is a winding one, exhibiting the engineering skill in running beautiful curves, so the Pilot is seen first to the right then to the left, then directly in front of you, until at last you run by its side only two miles from its base, and here you have a magnificent view. As we saw it, covered with snow, it presented a grand sight; it is one of those wonders of nature that you never tire looking at. You wonder what great upheaval produced it; how came the pinnacle in this shape? We had not time to climb it, nor the inclination at this muddy season to attempt [illegible] that we had at last [illegible] the trip, and the [illegible] should build at [illegible]ation, a hotel for [illegible]ight-seers and [illegible]untry abounds in [illegible]ummer is de[illegible] be made a [illegible]ad of the convicts are quartered at Pilot Mountain Station. They are well housed and well fed, and are a healthy, robust set of men. They are engaged in laying cross ties and iron. The iron is now laid three miles beyond Pilot Station, and three and a half miles more of road bed are ready for it. The grading of the entire line to Mt. Airy is now nearly finished, only about three miles need finishing. Much work has been done on this, and Mr. Wright who has charge of the working force seems confident that the road will be finished to Mount Airy by the first of March, but bad weather may delay it until April. The depot at Pilot Station is a large and commodious one, (as are all the depots on the line) and the contents of the freight depot and inquiry of the agent showed us that even now the freight business is very large. It is a centre of large back country in reach of no railroad, and it is no uncommon thing to see from twenty to thirty wagons loading and unloading here. When Mt. Airy is reached the business will grow far beyond present expectations. It will enter a country never visited by the iron horse, and will bevelop its latent wealth. Already along this line parties are prospecting and hoping to develop the coal and iron which is reported in great abundance and of exceedingly fine quality. The iron mines around the Pilot have been worked for ages, and its quality is considered by the farmers of that section far superior to that bought at the country stores. But they have no modern appliance for making iron; it is now all hammered. Parties who use it told us that it is more durable than any they can get elsewhere.

The C. F. & Y. V. Ry. passes over the dividing ridge of the State. In a short distance we pass over Belew's Creek and the Little Yadkin; the former flowing into the Dan, the latter into the Big Yadkin. The one flowing into the Roanoke, the other into the Pee Dee. It has now entered the great tobacco growing section of the State, and Fayetteville enterprise should look to this, for tobacco factories situated here would be more central to the outside market.

The nature of the trip not only took us to the extreme limit of the road, Pilot Station, but also to Millboro, the new station on Deep River. Here the freight depot was filled with all sorts of goods for the factories, and bales of sheeting, plaids, &c., were there marked to go even to Keokuk, Iowa. This station is situated at a point equidistant from the factories on the river, and is now their great shipping point, and the branch road has not only proved of great benefit to the manufacturers, but also of great profit to the road. Another branch road will be commenced this month from Stokesdale to Madison, and it would not surprise us to hear that a branch was built from Winston to some point near Germantown. These branches as feeders and the extension of this road beyond Mt: Airy to connect with the Norfolk & Western will make it the road of the State. In fact the great N. C. State road, for its continuation to tide water is a fact beyond question, and wherever it unloads its great freight, there will be new life and activity. The new life given it under its present admirable management has not only surprised and opened the eyes of the people of the State, but has and is still causing increased inquiry into the many undeveloped resources of our land. All along its line, ask who you please, is your station growing? and they all say, yes. Walnut Cove is at present growing faster than all, and if its coal and iron turn out equal to present expectations, it will continue to grow. Even the land, arond Swann's Station, which to the passer by looks like it was God-forsaken, with its scrubby oaks and wire grass, is now attracting the attention of scientific men. Here, after much exploration and diligent search, Capt. Wm. M. Swann has found and brought to the notice of thinking men and men of capital an invaluable clay called kaoline, mention of which was made in the last issue of the OBSERVER. We are not sufficiently up in such matters to express an opinion, but from what we hear Prof. Phillips thinks of it, it is indeed a valuable discovery, and thus it happens all along this road, be it in barren pine, or loamy land, Nature's gifts will be developed and contribute to the wealth of its people.

Wilmington is anxious for the connection, and for the sake of North Carolina ports against Virginia ports. That North Carolina may have one great seaport town we are also anxious to see this great North Carolina road terminate at the great city of the Cape Fear and of North Carolina. There are many things we saw that we might speak of in the two pleasant days spent on this road, which the more we see of it, the more we are impressed with its vast importanee to the State, and especially to the people of this section.

Engine No. 10 Wrecked at Bennettsville, Followed by a Sad and Fatal Accident.

[For the OBSERVER.]

BENNETTSVILLE, S. C., Dec. 27, 1887.

Yesterday morning about 6 o'clock some one mounted engine No. 10 (which had just been fired up preparatory to leaving here) threw the lever in front notch, pulled the throttle wide open and successfully escaped. The engine started off at a rapid rate, ran through a switch, off of the turn-table and buried itself up to its axles in the soft ground. Capt. McLauchlin was immediately notified, who repaired to the place of the wreck and wired the facts to the Superintendent at Greensboro, who ordered another engine to be sent from Fayetteville, which arrived here about 1 o'clock.

Later in the day the material train arrived here with a crew of hands, and after working hard all night succeeded in raising the wrecked engine and getting it ready to be taken to the shops. As this train was moving back about 6 A. M., it ran over a boy about 15 or 16 years old, cutting him literally in two near the waist. The coroner was notified, who summoned a jury, who after considerable delay failed to agree and a new jury was summoned who immediately rendered a verdict of accidental killing by railroad cars. It is supposed he had been watching the crew all night and had fallen asleep on the track and thus remained until his sad end. It is quite a wonder that this is the only accident which happened on the occasion, as there were hundreds of people there, a great many of whom were boys and it was no uncommon sight to see them sitting about in all directions asleep. C.

Resolutions of Respect.

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God, in His infinite wisdon and ever gracious providence to remove from our midst one of our youngest and most promising scholars, ALBERT S. GREEN, who departed this life Dec. 13th, aged 5 years and 8 months, therefore be it

Resolved 1st, That we deeply deplore his early death, and shall sadly miss his bright and happy face in our weekly gatherings, yet we would bow in humble submission to the will of Him who, when on earth said, "Suffer the little children to come unto Me, and forbid them not, for of such is the Kingdom of Heaven."

Resolved 2nd, That while our hearts are sad, yet we can look up through our tears to that home where he has been taken, before the blighting touch of sin had fallen upon his innocence.

Resolved 3rd, That we be more faithful in the discharge of our duty, that when the summons comes we may be ready to join him in that bright and beautiful home.

Resolved 4th, That we tender to the bereaved family our warmest sympathy in their sad affliction and point them to Jesus, as the source of all comfort and consolation.

Resolved 5th, That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of our Sunday School and a copy be sent to the family of the deceased and also to the Raleigh *Christian Advocate*.

MAGGIE PEMBERTON,
W. W. COLE,
J. A. STEEL, } Com.

The Real Estate Agency.

[For the Observer.]

MR. EEITOR:—"Nothing succeeds like success." But what is success? A question hard to answer definitely. But certain we all are that where all succeeds there is perfect success.

A few months since some dozen or more of our citizens organized themselves into a Real Estate Agency and solicited subscribers from the people of our town. Their efforts were met with but meagre success, only about 300 shares being subscribed; but they have gone to work and next week their collections will amount to about $1,300. They are doing in a small way what they had hoped to do on larger scale. I understand their books will be open till next Tuesday for new subscribers, when it is earnestly hoped that more of our thriving business men will join the association. I was surprised to find so few of them among the stockholders, and we all know that the ones to be benefited most are absent from the roll. This should not be so, and I believe if they consider well they will come with open purse and hearty good will. The aim of the concern is, first, to aid materially, by loaning money at a small and fair rate of interest, to small industries, and when a few of these are started and are well on the road to prosperity, then to start something on a larger scale, a cotton factory, for instance. Unity is what we want; all striving together to build up the town, and the writer knows of no way more feasible than this Real Estate Agency.

Come, business men, and take a hand in the enterprise and raise the stock to $1,000 per month. I can't call your names in print, but they know who your are and "talk of you in meetin'." The shares are one dollar per month, and when the assets reach one hundred thousand dollars they will be divided out per rata, so you are not out of your money very long, and at the same time you are receiving a fair rate of interest and upbuilding your town very materially. The Board of Directors are all good, successful men and receive no pay for their services; only the success of the concern will be their reward. Begin with the new year and go ahead with this small beginning. Most of the towns of the State, in fact in the South, have like institutions, and they are all prospering and and proving portent factors in the growth and prosperity of their several communities. A POOR MAN.

Is Consumption Incurable?

Read the following: Mr. C. H. Morris, Newark, Ark., says: "Was down with abscess of Lungs, and friend and physicians pronounced me an Incurable Consumptive. Began taking Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, am now on my third bottle, and able to oversee the work on my farm. It is the finest medicine ever made.

Jesse Middlewart, Decatur, Ohio, says: "Had it not been for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption I would have died of Lung Troubles. Was given up by doctors. Am now in best of health." Try it. Sample bottles free at B. E. Sedberry's Drug Store.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist, and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters.—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and $1.00 per bottle, at B. E. Sedberry's Drug Store.

MARRIED.

DURHAM—SHORE.—In Winston—Salem, at the residence of the bride's father, MR. I. W. DURHAM to MISS LELIA SHORE, the Rev. Dr. Rondthaler officiating.

MCMILLAN—MONAGHAN.—In this town on the evening of the 29th of December, at the residence of the bride, MR. D. ARCHIE MCMILLAN to MISS BELLE MONAGHAN. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. J. Hill, of the Catholic Church.

HALL—WHEELER.—At the residence of the bride's father, Mr. John C. Wheeler, of Tolar's Island, on December 16, 1887, MR. GASTON HALL to MISS DELLA WHEELER, Rev. Wm. R. Johnson officiating.

Biblical Recorder please copy.

KIVITT—FLEMING.—At the Baptist Church in Henderson, at 10:30, Wednesday morning, December 21st, MR. WALTER R. KIVETT to MISS DULCIE FLEMING, the lovely daughter of Capt. R. L. Fleming. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. D. Arnold, of the M. E. Church.

DIED.

PERSON.—In Winston on the 2nd of January, MRS. SAMUEL J PERSON, wife of the late Hon. Samuel J. Person, of Wilmington, N. C.

STINSON.—Near Davidson College, N. C., on Dec. 24, 1887, E. BURETTE STINSON. The deceased married Miss Eliza B. Tillinghast, of this place, in 1868.

WILLIAMSON.—In Gray's Creek township, on the 21st of December last, NATHAN WILLIAMSON, in the 92nd year of his age.

Biblical Recorder please copy.

SUMMERELL.—In Salisbury, N. C., on December 26th, 1887, MRS. ELLEN H. SUMMERELL, wife of Dr. J. J. Summerell, in the 64th year of her age. Mrs. S. was a daughter of the late Rev. Elisha Mitchell, who for years was one of the most distinguished professors of the University of North Carolina; and the subject of this notice was a woman who inherited great strength of character and exerted a wonderful influence for good in the community in which she lived.

BRANSON.—Entered into rest in Chicago, Dec. 14th, JANIE BRANSON, daughter of Mrs. M. J. Branson, of Fayetteville, N. C. She died as she lived, "at peace with God and man," and as she said at last "looking forward" to the love which passes all understanding. To those who came under the influence of her beautiful disposition, she was an ever-pervading blessing; her thoughtful consideration for others made her life a sweet remembrance of self-sacrifice. But she has laid down the battle of life—the battle she fought so nobly, so patiently, neither complaning nor repining, but had for all a bright smile and kind word. To the ones she has left broken-hearted, there is the consolation of greeting her pure and holy spirit in the sweet Communion of Saints.

WHAT AM I TO DO?

The symptoms Bilionsness are unhappily but too well known. They differ in different individuals to some extent. A Bilious man is soldom a breakfast eater. Too frequently, alas, he has an excellent appetite for liquids but none for solids of a morning. His tongue will hardly bear inspection at any time; if it is not white and furred, it is rough, at all events.

The digestive system is wholly out of order and Diarrhea or Constipation may be a symptom or the two may alternate. There are often Hemorrhoids or even loss of blood. There may be giddiness and often headache and acidity or flatulence and tenderness in the pit of the stomach. To correct all this if not effect a cure try *Green's August Flower*, it costs but a trifle and thousand attest its efficacy.

GENERAL FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 4, 1888.

N. C. BACON—		FODDER,	60@75
Hog Round,	13	HIDES—	
Sides,	13	Flint—good,	10
Hams,	16	Flint—damaged,	5@8
WEST. BULK MEATS—		Dry Salt,	8@9
Sides,	8¦	Green,	4¦
Shoulders,	7¦	IRON—	
WESTERN BACON—		American,	3
Sides,	9¦	Swedes,	5@6
Hams,	15@16	LARD—	
Shoulders,	8@8¦	N. Carolina,	10
BAGGING,	7@8¦	Western,	9@10
BEEF—		LEATHER—	
On foot,	3¦	Upper, country,	35@40
Dressed,	5@6	Sole, Hemlock,	25@27
BEESWAX,	18@20	Harness, c'ntry,	25@30
BUTTER—		MOLASSES,	25@50
North Carolina,	20@25	NAILS—	
Northern,	30@35	(10d basis),	2.50
COFFEE—		PORK—	
Java,	30@35	Fresh,	6¦@7
Rio,	20@25	Mess,	(None.)
COTTON YARN,	85@95	POTATOES—	
COTTON TIES,	1.40	Sweet,	40@50
CHICKENS,	15@25	Irish—old, bus.	1.25
EGGS,	12¦	SALT,	1.00
FLOUR—		SUGARS—	
N. C. Family,	(None.)	Coffee,	7¦
West. Fam.,	5.00@6.50	Granulated,	9
CORN MEAL—	65@70	SHEETINGS,	6¦
GRAIN—		SHUCKS,	50
Corn,	60@65	TALLOW,	5
Oats,	50	WOOL,	18
Rye,	85	SPIRITS—	
Peas,	65@75	Corn Whisky,	1.75@2.00
HAY—		Rye Whisky,	1.75@3.00
N. Carolina,	40@60	Ap. Brandy,	1.75@3.00
Northern,	1 00	Peh Brandy,	1.75@3.00

Fayetteville Cotton and Naval Stores Market.

Corrected by A. E. Rankin & Co.

COTTON—The market opened on Monday of this week at 9¦ cents firm, remaining on Tuesday and yesterday at the same price.

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits was firm yesterday at 34 cents.

Rosin was steady, prices ranging from 65 and 90 cents for common.

Crude Turpentine—Hard $1.00, Yellow Dip $1.50, Virgin $1.75.

Wilmington Market.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 4, 3:55 P. M.

COTTON—Cotton firm at 9¦ cents.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market steady at 36 cents per gallon.

ROSIN.—The market quoted firm at 82¦ cents per bbl. for strained and 87¦ cents for Good Strained.

A. V. MAULTSBY,
SOLE AGENT OF
J. P. McLEAN'S CELEBRATED
Cider Vinegar
AT 69 NORTH PERSON STREET.
dec 22 1y

HOLDS ITS GRIP!
Carolina Baking Powder.
20 per cent. Cheaper in bulk than other Pure Baking Powders.

GOLDEN CROWN COLOGNE | DOMESTIC FARINA GOOD AS IMPORTED
In handsome cut-glass bottles, make nice
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

BULK EXTRACTS.
LAUTIER'S "MAY BELLS."
VOGELER'S "FEDORA."
COLGATE'S "WHITE ROSE."

CHOICEST PURE
EXTRACT OF VANILLA AND LEMON
Of my own manufacture.
H. R. HORNE, Pharmacist.
dec 22 tf

THOMPSON SCHOOL,
Siler City, - - - Chatham County.
A First-class Boarding School, with Military Features.
SPRING SESSION COMMENCES JAN. 2nd, 1888.
ENTIRE EXPENSES
FOR THE TWO TERMS OF TEN MONTHS
FROM $135 TO $150 PER YEAR.
We present the following
TESTIMONIALS.

(From Hon. Kemp. P. Battle, President of University of North Carolina.)

Having made a visit to Oakdale Academy, and having at the University one of its students, I am prepared to recommend it in the most favorable terms to the attention of parents. The school is well officered, well disciplined and well taught; and the moral influence of the community in which it is situated one of the best. The student sent to the University recently from this school came well prepared, and is taking a high stand in his classes.
KEMP P. BATTLE.
Chapel Hill, N. C., November 9th, 1885.

(From Prof. Nelson B. Henry, A. M., Professor of the Science of Teaching in the University of N. Carolina.)

PROF. J. A. W. THOMPSON, Siler City, N. C.—Dear Sir: Having to leave hurriedly, as I did, I did not have an opportunity to say all I desired to say to you about your school. I was struck with the excellent opportunities you offer your students in penmanship and drawing—opportunities which it is to be hoped they will not be slow to improve. You have certainly solved the problem of excellent accommodations at a small cost, and for this are entitled to the gratitude of your patrons. Altogether I was much pleased with what I saw of your school, and with the good *work* which you are evidently doing. Your friend,
NELSON B. HENRY.
Chapel Hill, N. C., Dec. 15, 1887.

(From Major Robert Bingham, Superintendent of Bingham School.)

Mr. J. A. W. Thompson has the typical school for the education—at a small cost—of our youth of both sexes. I visited the school on Saturday, September 27th, and while I did not see the class-room work, I was pleased to see so good an equipment, so well drilled a military company, so correct a student body of young men and young women, and so faithful a corps of teachers. And so good an impression has been made on the public, that, besides the students from the immediate vicinity, which is enthusiastic in the support of the school, there are now nearly seventy boarding pupils attracted from nineteen counties. Mr. Thompson and his corps of teachers are well prepared to supply the need of their own county and the counties aronnd them.
R. BINGHAM.
Bingham School, N. C., Nov. 17, 1885.

(From Prof. A. W. Blair, A. M., Supt. Graded Schools and Principal High School, Winston, N. C.)

It was recently my pleasure to spend a week at Siler City with that enthusiastic and energetic educator, Prof. J. A. W. Thompson, and his corps of able teachers. I found the discipline and spirit of the school to be simply surprising, and the building and its equipments very fine. I never saw better order anywhere, and came away prepared to recommend the school, as I have frequently done since, in the highest terms.
A. W. BLAIR.
Winston, N. C., Sept. 17, 1887.
jan 5 2t

ADVERTISEMENTS.

OAK RIDGE
DAIRY MILK.
I have purchased a lot of
FINE BLOODED CATTLE,
AND AM PREPARED TO FURNISH
Fresh Milk,
Delivered Morning and Evening.
Orders left at my Dairy or at A. S. Huske & Co.'s will receive prompt attention.
Dec 22 3m W. W. HUSKE.

ST. NICHOLAS
FOR YOUNG FOLKS.

SINCE its first issue, in 1873, this magazine has maintained, with undisputed recognition, the position it took at the beginning.—that of being the most excellent juvenile periodical ever printed. The best known names in literature were on its list of contributors from the start.—Bryant, Longfellow, Thomas Hughes, George MacDonald, Bret Harte, Bayard Taylor, Frances Hodgson Burnett, James T. Fields, John G. Whittier; indeed the list is so long that it would be easier to tell the few authors of note who have *not* contributed to "the world's child magazine"

The Editor, Mary Mapes Dodge,

author of "Han's Brinker; or The Silver Skates,' and other popular books for young folks,—and for grown-up folks, too—has a remarkable faculty for knowing and entertaining children. Under her skillful leadership, ST. NICHOLAS brings to thousands of homes on both sides of the water knowledge and delight.

St. Nicholas in England.

It is not alone in America that ST. NICHOLAS has made its great success. The London *Times* says: "It is above anything that we produce in the same line." The *Scotsman* says: "There is no magazine that can successfully compete with it."

The Coming Year of St. Nicholas.

The fifteenth year begins with the number for November, 1887, and the publishers can announce: Serial and Short Stories by Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, Frank R. Stockton, H. H. Boyesen, Joel Chandler Harris, J. T. Trowbridge, Col. Richard M. Johnston, Louisa M. Alcott, Professor Alfred Church, William H. Rideing, Washington Gladden, Harriet Prescot Spofford, Amelia E. Barr, Frances Courtenay Baylor, Harriet Upton, and many others. Edmund Alton will write a series of papers on "Routine of the Republic," how the President works at the White House, and how the affairs of the Treasury, the State and War Departments, etc., are conducted; Joseph O'Brien, a well known Australian journalist, will describe "The Great Island Continent;" Elizabeth Pennell will tell of "London Christmas Pantomimes" (Alice in Wonderland, etc.); John Burroughs will write "Meadow and Woodland Talks with Young Folk," etc., etc. Mrs. Burnett's short serial will be, the editor says, a worthy successor to her famous "Little Lord Fauntleroy," which appeared in ST. NICHOLAS.

Why not try St. Nicholas this year for the young people in the house? Begin with the November number. Send us $3.00, or subscribe through booksellers' and newsdealers. The Century Co., 33 East 17th St., New York.

Notice of Sale under Mortgage.

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain mortgage, executed by John Smith (of Roslin) and wife Sarah Smith to E. L. Pemberton, which is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Cumberland, in book R. No. 3, page 590, the following property will be sold at public auction, viz: A certain tract or parcel of land lying on Gallberry Swamp in said county, joining the lands of Neill McNeill, Wm. Alderman and others, and containing 206 acres. Reference to said mortgage is made for description by metes and bounds. This land is well suited for farming purposes, being mostly rich bottom land, partly cleared. Place of sale, Market House, Fayetteville, N. C. Time of sale, Monday, January 16th, 1888, at 12 M. Terms of sale, cash.
E. L. PEMBERTON, Mortgagee.
By DUNCAN ROSE, Attorney. dec 15 ts

For Sale at a Bargain.
DESIRABLE REAL ESTATE.
Consisting of LOTS, improved and unimproved, on Rowan and Hogg streets, conveniently located and thoroughly drained.
Apply at
HORNE'S DRUG STORE,
Or on the premises.
dec 22 3t

Lost Railroad Stock.

Notice is hereby given that thirty days from the date hereof application will be made to the Directors of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company for a new certificate of ten shares of stock in said Company, the original of which, No. 338, was issued to J. W. S. West and has been lost or destroyed. I will at the same time make application to said Company for "Certificate of Indebtedness No. 202" for one thousand dollars.
MRS. R. S. WEST,
Executrix of J. W. S. West.
H. McD. ROBINSON, Atty. Dec. 22 4t

Life Insurance.

I desire to make known to my friends and the public generally, who wish
SAFE AND RELIABLE
Life Insurance, that I am the local agent of the
Old Penn Mutual Life Insurance Co.,
of Philadelphia. Any information as to rates, &c., will be cheerfully given.
G. H. HAIGH.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!
GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICES OF
FELT HATS! HAMBURG EDGINGS! JEWELRY! &C.
FOR SPOT CASH!
CHRISTMAS GOODS.
LADIES AND GENTS' SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, MUFFLERS,
FANCY GOODS, HOSIERY, KID GLOVES, CORSETS,
BOYS' CAPS, HOODS, EMBROIDERED SILK, ZEPHYR, &c
☞CALL EARLY AND OFTEN.
MRS. DYE.

Fayetteville Marble Works.
I. W. DURHAM,
Lauder's Old Stand, - - Fayetteville, N. C.
FOREIGN AND NATIVE
MARBLE AND GRANITE | MARBLE AND GRANITE
Monuments, Headstones,
CEMETERY CURBING, BUILDING STONE, &C.
☞Designs and Estimates by mail free. Work delivered free of freight to your nearest depot.
nov 17 1y

SALEM HIGH SCHOOL,
HUNTLEY, N. C.
(SAMPSON CO.)
SPRING TERM Opens Jan. 2, 1888.
☞For catalogue or any further information, apply to
MARION BUTLER, Principal.
dec 8 1y

Hotel LaFayette
—WILL BE OPEN—
MONDAY, the 7th Inst.,
FOR THE RECEPTION OF ITS PATRONS.
Terms Moderate,
And made known to applicants.
PHIL. WRIGHT,
nov. 3-tf PROPRIETOR

R. M. NIMOCKS,
HAY STREET,
CALLS THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS, PLANTERS AND TURPENTINE MEN TO HIS LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS and DISTILLERS SUPPLIES
COTTON and NAVAL STORES
WILL BE PURCHASED OR TAKEN ON CONSIGNMENT.
Guanos of all kinds constantly on hand.
Bagging, Ties, Molasses Sugar, &c.
AT LOWEST PRICES.
Remember the Sign in Gilt,
NIMOCKS.
nov 3 tf

READ THIS!
A. E. RANKIN & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Are Acknowledged LEADERS in Their Line!
They buy in CAR LOAD Lots, from first hands, for Spot Cash, thereby getting the very lowest rates of freight and every possible discount.
They call the attention of country merchants who buy in less than car load lots to this fact. They can make it greatly to [illegible] vantage to buy of them. In seasonable goods they offer
A CAR LOAD R[illegible] PROOF OATS,
A CAR LOAD W[illegible] IXED OATS,
A CAR LOAD SH[illegible]
A CAR LOAD R[illegible] Lime,
THREE CAR LOADS [illegible] GAN FLOUR—
THE BEST FLOUR ever brought to [illegible]ville for the Money they ask for t.
☞IT WILL PAY [illegible] TO TRY IT!
oct 20 tf

PATAPSCO 1866 SUPERLATIVE PATENT C. A. GAMBRILL MFG. CO. BALTIMORE
—THE—
PREMIER [illegible]OUR OF AMERICA.
PATAPS[illegible] OFLOURING MILLS.
ESTABLI[illegible] - - - 1774.
The value of [illegible] MENTS OF NUMER[illegible] MAKES. Our [illegible] the CHOICEST WHEAT obtainable. Baltimore market for choice wheat, which gives us a great[illegible] IS GROWN. The SUPERIOR COMBINATION [illegible] enables us to place on the market, Flour [illegible] PROPERTIES.
This fact is recognized not only in this [illegible] the "PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE" COMMANDS [illegible] American Flour. Ask your grocer for
Patapsco Superlative Patent, North Poin[illegible]
Patapsco Family Patent, Chesapeal[illegible]
Patapsco Extra, Bedford [illegible]
C. A. GAMBRILL MANUFACT[illegible]RING C[illegible]
Represented by [illegible] B. Fri[illegible]
aug 19
—depends upon the ESSENTIAL ELE[illegible] CONTAINED IN THE BREAD IT [illegible]LER FLOURS are manufactured from [illegible]s pre-eminent in this country, as a [illegible]age in the selection of the BEST THAT [illegible]EN AND PHOSPHATES thus afforded. [illegible]D FOR ITS PURITY AND NUTRITIOUS
[illegible]ut in the EUROPE as well, where [illegible]EDLY MORE MONEY than any other
Orange Grove Extra,
Baldwin Family,
Commerce Street, Baltimore, Md.
Fayetteville, N. C.
6m

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Published Every Thursday at 19 Green Street (Observer Building.)

THURSDAY.....JANUARY 5, 1888.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year (in advance).....$2 00
Six months (in advance).....1 00

☞ No name entered without payment, and no paper sent after expiration of time paid for.

RATES OF ADVERTISING

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication.

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

G. P. McNEILL—Lost.
LOST—A Dress Pattern.
MERCHANT MILLS—1888.
A. V. MAULTSBY—Found.
A. S. HUSKE & CO.—1888.
RACKET STORE—Tinware.
FAY. NAT. BANK—Notice.
A. S. HUSKE & CO.—Wanted.
A. G. BRADY—Money Loaned.
THOMPSON SCHOOL—Siler City.
G. A. THOMSON—To his Patrons.
B. F. MONTAGUE—Mortgage Sale.
FAY. NAT. BANK—Dividend Notice.
PEMBERTON & PRIOR—Toilet Cream.
J. T. TOLAR—Administrator's Notice.
J. D. WILLIAMS—Bank of Fayetteville.
PEOPLE'S NAT. BANK—Dividend Notice.
PEMBERTON & PRIOR—Rheumatic Remedy.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

☞ If you owe for your subscription to the OBSERVER, send the money for a receipt.

TO NEW SUBSCRIBERS.—We will furnish the FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER and *North Carolina Farmer* from this date for two dollars and twenty-five cents a year.

We would like for all that are due subscriptions to the OBSERVER to settle before the 1st of January. It would be well to start the year owing no man.

We eggnogledge to having a good Christmas.

Dr. W. C. McDuffie will deliver a lecture to-night before the Lodge of the Knights of Pythias.

Messrs. McNeill & Hall have received the machinery for their saw mill and will soon be a work.

The Star of Bethlehem, as we supposed, is a myth. The star so called is Venus. So say those who know.

Pensions warrants are now in the clerk's office for James Adams, A. G. Tyson and E. S. Musslewhite. Parties are requested to call.

We are requested to state that the Cumberland Farmers' Alliance will meet at the Court House to-morrow for the transaction of business.

Commissioners of Cumberland met on Monday. Only the regular routine of business was transacted. Nothing of material importance was done.

St. John's Episcopal Church was handsomely dressed for Christmas day, and the services were made more delightful by the choir, who rendered the Te Deum and chants with delightful effect.

Messrs Styron & Co. have doubled the capacity of their roller mill, and have made quite an addition to their building. We hope to see this mill one of the most successful of Fayetteville's new enterprises. Mr. Styron is a man of energy and push, and is determined that success shall attend it.

We saw yesterday a fine large wild turkey killed by Sheriff McNeill, who is now in his 80th year, and we understand that it is no unusual thing with him. It seems that he is good in every thing—a good shot, a good Democrat, was a capital sheriff and is withal an excellent citizen and a mighty good man.

Many homes were made bright this Christmas by the presence of sons and daughters who returned from school to spend the holidays at home. The numerous young men in military uniform from the Davis school, showed that Fayetteville is a great patronizer of this institution; and their manly bearing and polite salutation was evidence of capital training.

On our trip to the Pilot at nearly all stations beyond Greensboro, crowds of men were gathered, all with rifles of various patterns, none of modern make, taking their Christmas hunt; and it appeared as if there were rabbits enough in this country for all, for every man had his string of them. Birds are plenty, but they all prefer squirrel and rabbit shooting to other sport.

The Expressman on Saturday before Christmas laid a package on our table, which, upon being opened, proved to be a marble paper weight, from Mr. Chas. A. Goodman, proprietor of the Raleigh marble works, handsomely and tastefully cut in the shape of a book. While being a very acceptable present to us, it is at the same time, a reminder of the fine workmanship of the sender, who recently made quite a reputation in placing over the graves of some of Fayetteville's dead, monuments that bear full testimony to his taste and skill as a workman.

Christmas occurring on Sunday, was quietly observed. No one would have dreamed that the joyful day had come, as all waited until Monday, that due reverence might be paid to the Sabbath; so that the little ones, whose ears had been listening for Santa Claus, might have full and free enjoyment; and if the blowing of horns and the popping of crackers be pleasure, surely they had it. There was less boisterous noise, less drunkenness, and more of real innocent pleasure than we have ever known. Perfect freedom of the streets was given to the boys and they all enjoyed it. At night on Haymount on the boulevard there was a grand pyrotechnic display—rockets, roman candles, wheels and balloon ascensions, which was enjoyed by old and young. It was a pleasant Christmas to all.

The Board of Education met on Monday and apportioned $1.00 to each child within the school age. The Superintendent was ordered to examine white applicants on Saturday, January 7th. All other business was merely routine.

FOUND DEAD.—The body of Fred Burns, a young colored man, was found last week in a field near the Faulk place on the Wilmington road. Burns evidently under the influence of liquor, had lost his way, and falling, is supposed to have been unable to get up, and was thus drowned in a puddle.

FATAL SCALDING.—Last week Mary Williams, a colored woman about 70 years of age, the mother of Henry Collins, accidentally fell backwards into a pot of boiling water which was being used in the yard to boil feed for the hogs. She suffered intensely, but death relieved her early in the night.

A FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Monday the 26th, while the train was on its way from Pilot Mountain Station to Greensboro, near Belew's Creek, Briggs Cook, an old man, asleep on the track, was run over and killed. The engineer was on a curve and failed to see him until it was too late to stop the train. The old man is supposed to have been drunk.

PROMOTED.—Mr. W. A. Lane, telegraph operator at the office of the C. F. & Y. V. Ry., left here this week to take charge of the office at Monroe. His place will be supplied by Percy Page, who has been at Walnut Cove for the past six months. These changes are both in the line of promotion, and we congrstulate both of these young men upon securing such pleasant places.

MISSING.—James Atmstrong, a colored man, an irregular boat hand, went on board the Str. Cape Fear, about 12 o'clock at night last week, preparatory for a trip to Wilmington. He was seen by the watchman, and it was known that he laid down in the engine room, but next morning, he was not to be found, his coat, hat and shoes were in the engine room. It is supposed that he was drowned, but up to this writing the body has not been found. A negro has been jailed upon suspicion of having dealt foully with him.

NEW YEAR'S DINNER.—On Monday evening in honor of the day, it was our pleasure to participate in one of those enjoyable occasions of a life time—a New Year's dinner at the Hotel LaFayette. It was gotten up by the married men of Fayetteville, but old age without a sprinkling of youth and beauty was voted a dull affair, so young and old met together and in a sociable, pleasant way, enjoyed a repast that would have done credit to a Delmonico. Such social gatherings are good. They make us know each other better, and help to intersperse our lives with bright spots and pleasant memories.

THOMPSON SCHOOL.—We have received a copy of the January number of the *Thompson Student*, a monthly magazine published at Siler City by the the students of that flourishing school. The magazine is well edited and well gotten up, reflecting much credit upon its editors. From it we learn that the school is in a flourishing condition, that there were 178 students in attendance in the past year, that the teaching is through and the military discipline a feature of no small importance. It is a healthy locality and the cheapness of board and tuition affords an advantage to the young men of this section not obtainable elsewhere.

REV. JOS. WHEELER.—The Rev. Jos. and wife arrived here on Thursday before Christmas. Mr. Wheeler was met at the depot by a delegation of gentlemen of the Methodist Church, and escorted at once to the parsonage, where everything had been put in complete order and readiness and a nice dinner had been prepared by the ladies of the congregation, all joined in giving him and his wife a cordial and hearty welcome, showing that in the good work for the Church, they were ready to aid him in every way. To the ladies of the different Congregations the Ministers now look for aid. They are always ready, and delighted to be doing good.

BANK OF FAYETTEVILLE.—The Fayetteville National Bank turned over on January 1st, 1888, all its effects to the Bank of Fayetteville. It is now a State bank. At the election of officers Mr. W. T. Taylor was elected cashier, Mr. John C. Haigh, Jr., teller and Mr. E. J. Lilly, book-keeper. Mr. Wm. Huske, who for years has served with faithfulness the old institution, was compelled to decline a re-election as cashier, as his health has not been good, and he could not undergo the labor. The new cashier, Mr. Taylor, is a most capital appointment; he is one of the most careful, accurate and thorough accountants we have ever known, and he has gained the position by merit. The services of Mr. Haigh were so highly appreciated that the stockholders have complimented him in a very substantial manner.

A REAL TREAT.—Just before Christmas Mr. Phil Wright, proprietor of Hotel LaFayette, presented us with a large tender loin steak just from Chicago, such as he gives to his guests. We had it cooked to a turn, and a more delicious, tender, juicy morsel it has rarely been our pleasure to enjoy. Venison is good, but this was superior. We ate it with much relish, and with thanks to the proprietor, not to say with envy of his many guests, whose daily food consists, not only of delicious steak, but the best of everything the market affords, and all served in the best and most attractive way. Mr. Wrightt is not only clever and attentive, but shows by his every act that he understands the art of hotel keeping, and he is determined that Fayetteville shall have the pleasure of boasting of having one of the best kept hotels in the State, and he has succeeded.

McFADYEN SPRINGS.—Although we have often heard of these celebrated Springs, distant only about 12 miles from Fayetteville. It had never been our fortune to visit them until last week, and although at this season of the year, the country wears its wintry robe, and the cottages are desolate, yet it requires no imaginative mind to see that with a small outlay of money, and judicious advertising, to make known to health seekers the benefits of these health giving waters, that we have right here in Cumberland, what in any other locality would be considered a bonanza. The Springs are situated immediately on the banks of Lower Little River, the whole hillside seems to abound with them, all abounding in iron and other tonics. Their virtues have been tested by many here, both by drinking the waters, and using the sediment for cutaneous diseases, and the cures effected have been wonderful, but their virtues have not been noised abroad. Hundreds of certificates could be given testifying to the remarkable cures wrought by them. Many have used the sediment in their families and all agree in saying that the cures effected were speedy and complete. Besides these innumerable iron springs, there are many others, none of them as yet analyzed, but one containing alum, which bread-makers say, acts like the finest yeast. The country around this place is like all sand hill country, where one breathes the health giving aroma of the pine, dry and delightful, and only needs a good hotel accomodations, to make it the superior of "Southern Pines, as a resort for invalids. It is far more attractive in locality, for the banks abound with ivy, rododendron, the jessamine, the honeysuckle, the mountain rose, and ferns innumerable. Many of these latter are rarely found elsewhere. The river too, is a bold stream, capable of being turned to many uses. As we rode through the country and saw the unlimited supply of fine timbers, its varied wood, we thought to ourselves, what treasures lie dormant here, for the want of Yankee thrift and Yankee ingenuity. But these woods are now attracting them, and ere long these various woods will be put to other uses, and McFadyen Springs the health resort now of a few families, will be the centre of a busy scene. As we rode along, our attention was called to an old mill frame, which time had laid its heavy hand upon, but there yet remained sufficient to indicate what we thought an old worn out grist mill. But not so, right here, over a hundred years ago, a Scotch settler built a woolen mill, making broadcloth for the neighborhood. It was the first machine in this part of the country and to-day the little creek bears the name, not of McFadyen, but Machine Creek. Who would have thought that in this thinly settled country, one would have plied such a vocation, when to-day, no one ventures to build one here to help us on. Little River is one of the finest streams in the whole section, its water supply is never failing, but at present we believe the only saw mill upon it, is that now worked by Messrs. Wright Huske and Son. Its capacity is from 20 to 30,000 feet per day, and Messrs. Huske who owns for miles above is using it to put into market the vast amount of fine timber upon his land. At present the mill is not running, the recent heavy freshets having washed the dam away, but he is one of those who are never idle, so while the dam is being repaired, he is hard at work with the planer, a beautiful machine of the most improved pattern, which planes, tongues and grooves over 15,000 to 20,000 feet of flooring and other stuff per day. Here we spent some time, admiring the rapidity and perfectness of the work and the system of the division of labor, noting that each and all worked in perfect accord and harmony. Samples from the planer were shown us, great care being bestowed upon every peice that is shipped, every joint fitting to a nicety. Northern men want no botch work, and are requiring our people to give more attention to the completeness of work, and right here they have profited by it. The river is now filled with timber and the land from which they draw their supplies is one of the best timbered lands in that section. Of late it has been visited by several northern men, looking after lumber, which may result in some other matters of importance or profit to this neighborhood in the near future, but we would advise our lumber men to be in no haste to sell, lumber is daily growing in greater demand, and ere long we hope that our own section may need it all.

A WEEK OF PRAYER.—At the instance of the Evangelical Alliance this week has been devoted by our Protestant Churches to devotional exercises. The services were commenced on Sunday night last at the Methodist Church by a sermon from the Pastor, Rev. Joseph Wheeler. On Monday night union prayer-meeting was held in the Baptist Church; on Tuesday night, in the Presbyterian Church; on last night, in the Methodist. To-night the meeting will be held in the Baptist Church, Friday night in the Presbyterian, and Saturday night in the Methodist. These services commence promptly at 7 o'clock. They are very largely attended, and much interest is manifested. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

Next week (the second in the month) a protracted union revival meeting will be commenced, conducted by a minister of the Methodist Church; on the next week Rev. Dr. Pritchard, of the Baptist Church of Wilmington, will conduct the meetings and preach, and on the last week Rev. Dr. Watkins, of the Presbyterian Church of Raleigh. We understand that it has been deemed best to hold this protracted meeting in the Presbyterian Church, as it is the largest, and can therefore better accommodate the large crowds which it is devoutly hoped will attend.

MARRIAGE BELLS RINGING.—We copy the following marriage notice from the Richmond, (Va.) *Dispatch*. Maj. Jonathan Evans, one of the contracting parties, of course needs no introduction in these columns. He is well known throughout all this section for his genial, wholesouled disposition, his open-handed hospitality, and his many excellent qualities of head and heart. We welcome his fair bride to her home in North Carolina and Cumberland County. The *Dispatch* says:

Miss Mal McCurdy, of the McCurdy sisters, the owners of the two large hotels bearing their name here and at Covington, was married in Covington on the 21st instant by Rev. Mr. Wagoner, of the Methodist Church, to Major J. Evans, of N. C., and has gone with her husband to the North State, where she will make her home in the future. There is a tinge of romance about this marriage, Major Evans, while a Confederate soldier during the late war, having been sick or wounded at the house of Miss McCurdy's father, and she the ministering angel who nursed him back to life and finally crowned his life with happiness.

DEATH OF MR. WM. BOW.—At his home on Haymount, on Saturday last, this estimable citizen of Fayetteville passed away. Mr. Bow was about 68 years of age. For the past year or more he has been confined to his home, and his death was not unexpected. He was a good man; one in whom there was no guile. Mr. Bow, years ago was the editor of the *North Carolinian* at this place. He was devoted to his party and did good work for it. He was a true friend, one in whom you could always rely. Through many years of suffering and trials he has now passed away to rest, leaving behind a large connection and many friends, who remember with love and affection his many virtues and kindly acts. The funeral took place from the Episcopal Church on Sunday afternoon, and the remains were followed to the grave by many who revered his memory.

SUNDAY SCHOOL EXERCISES.—At the Campbellton Sabbath School, on Sunday, January 1st, at 3 P. M., despite the heavy rain, quite a large number of scholars were present, and the afternoon was made a happy occasion to all. The exercises were opened with a song of praise by the school; then prayer by Rev. A. L. Phillips; then another song, after which Mr. G. P. McNeill, in his very happy and entertaining style, delivered the annual address. His talk was strictly to the children, and was well received. His blackboard illustrations were well conceived and, while simple, had weight.

After another song Mr. E. T. McKethan, the most earnest and diligent Superintendent, made his report for the past year of progress, deportment and attendance of the scholars. Then came the presentation of bibles, testaments, hymn books, in accordance with the rules of the school.

The honored ones were called to the front by the Superintendent, and introduced to Rev. A. L. Phillips, who in his usual happy manner made the presentations. His words of encouragement to the children were excellent and well received. Then came another song of praise and the benediction, thus ending the first Sabbath of the new year at the Campbellton Sunday School.

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS.—The following officers were installed by District Deputy Grand Master W. P. Wemyss for Cross Creek Lodge No. 4, I. O. O. F. for this term:

A. H. Watson, Noble Grand; H. C. Fisher, Vice Grand; W. D. Gaster, Recording Secretary; T. E. Phillips, Financial Secretary; R. T. Scanlin, Treasurer; Theo. H. Whaley, R. S. N. G.; W. J. McNaughton, L. S. N. G.; Jas. Vann, R. S. V. G.; M. W. Johnson, L. S. V. G.; B. C. Gorham, Warden; John A. Nicholson, Conductor; Samuel Sutton, R. S. S.; W. H. Hales, L. S. S.; L. C. Straughan, Chaplain; John Hollingsworth, Inner Guard; Jno. W. Smith, Janiter; John E. Garrett, M. Faulk and B. C. Gorham, Trustees of Lodge.

The officers elect of Phœnix Lodge No. 8, A. F. & A. M. for the ensuing Masonic year were installed at their hall on Dec. 27, 1887 by B. E. Sedberry, P. M., of Fayetteville Lodge No. 329, as follows:

W. P. Wemyss, W. M.; T. T. McGilvary, S. W.; K. Lewald, J. W.; R. M. Nimocks, Treas.; C. P. Overby, Secy.; O. J. Jackson, S. D.; W. L. Nunnalee, J. D.; A. Garrason and J. A. Pemberton, Stewards; Chas. Kennedy, Tyler.

Personals.

Miss Lizzie Thomas, of Jefferson, N. C., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Bidgood.

Miss Lusie Phillips, of Chapel Hill, is on a visit to her brother, the Rev. A. L. Phillips.

Misses Morgie and Mary Worth, daughters of Capt. A. H. Worth, are visiting friends in town.

Mr. Hardy, representing that staunch paper, the *State Chronicle*, is in town, and as usual, doing good work.

Mr. Chas. J. Huske, of Tuxedo Park, Orange County, N. Y., spent Christmas with his many relatives here.

Mr. Paul Smith returned home from Scotland Neck for the Xmas holidays. He will now go to Atlanta to be under Col. Gardner.

Mr. J. Burgwyn MacRae, of Northampton, paid a flying visit to his old home last week. It was pleasant to see his face and hear his voice again.

Mr. Chas. P. McGary, of Durham, spent several days here this and last week. Charley is a great favorite here with the boys and girls, especially the latter.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For Sale by B. E. Sedberry, Fayetteville, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GEO. A. THOMSON,

Headquarters

Would fain drop a tear for the dear Old Year that was clasped in the cold arms of eternal silence January 1, 1888.

Could I, I would write her many charms. The joyous hours, bright days that made up her twelve changing seasons of pleasure made my journey pleasant and crowded with sweet and profitable recollections. In bidding adieu and consigning to oblivion of departed ages the friend who has dealt so kindly with me, I would be remiss if I gave no expression to my many friends who have so generously aided in the make-up of so enjoyable a year. In tendering them my hearty thanks, I assure you all that

1888

will find me the more anxious to merit your patronage and guard well your interests. For any mistakes made I humbly beg pardon. Another year's experience (added to the eighteen laid side by side in the silent past), with increased facilities, broader fields, live competition spring the nerves of ambition and arouse all energies, and to maintain

HEADQUARTERS

Would promise you will find

GEO. A. THOMSON

TO THE FRONT TO THE FRONT
TO THE FRONT **With every** TO THE FRONT
TO THE FRONT **Line of Goods** TO THE FRONT
TO THE FRONT **in my exten-** TO THE FRONT
TO THE FRONT **sive and va-** TO THE FRONT
TO THE FRONT **ried stock.** TO THE FRONT
TO THE FRONT TO THE FRONT

—COMPETING FOR—

MERIT MERIT
MERIT BASED ON MERIT
MERIT MERIT
MERIT **QUALITY and PRICE** MERIT
MERIT MERIT
MERIT MERIT

Remember the wail of the lost,

"Too Late!"

And examine my prices and goods

Before Buying!

In bewailing the lost ——— And embracing the New

YEAR,

thanking friends and patrons, I most cheerfully express a true sentiment in thanking those in my employ. You all have done well—clerks, book-keeper, porter and expressmen—and

TOGETHER

we promise our every effort will be to merit the patronge so generously bestowed, and meet your any want.

XMAS, 1887,

And All My Christmas Goods

Have passed away, but not forgotten! Memory so sweet lingers.

Now for the More Substantial:

My stock is kept fully up and replete with everything that money can buy.

Don't Forget

HAEDQUARTERS.

And Don't Forget

HEADQUARTERS MEANS

GEO. A. THOMSON.

And Don't Forget

GEO. A. THOMSON IS

HEADQUARTERS,

and that no merchant in Fayetteville can advertise under that heading without incurring my displeasure and compromising genteel courtesy. I would not enforce my right, but simply remind that the right so long conceded becomes a privilege that all gentlemen confer.

A pressing invitation is extended to all to call and examine, and buy if suited.

Again expressing my thanks, I am

Headquarters,

GEO. A. THOMSON.

I wish all a happy and prosperous New Year, GEO. A. THOMSON.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A Closing Out Sale

—OF—

Tin Ware! Tin Ware!

THE LAST CHANCE **POSITIVELY** *THE LAST CHANCE*

To Secure Goods in This Line at Low-down Figures.

Come and Get What You Want while THEY Are Here.

Dish Pans, Milk Pans,
Milk Buckets, Strainers,
Collanders, Stew Kettles,
Pint and Quart Cups,
Wash Bowls,
Cake and Baking Pans,
Basting Spoons,
Flesh Forks,
Flaring Pails,
1, 2, 3 and 4 Quart Covered Buckets,
Patty Pans,
Sheet Iron Pans,
Cuspadores, &c.

They Are Going! Going!

NOT AT COST,

But at a very close Figure!

DON'T FORGET!

THIS IS THE LAST OPPORTUNITY YOU WILL HAVE TO GET THESE GOODS AT

RACKET PRICES!

Respectfully,

J. E. CARNEY & CO.,

Hay Street.

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned having this day qualified as Administrator of Nathan Williamson, deceased, hereby gives notice that all parties indebted to said estate will make immediate payment. All persons having claims against said estate must present them to the undersigned, duly authenticated, on or before January 5th, 1889, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

J. T. TOLAR,
jan 5 4t pd Administrator.

JAS. D. McNEILL. **1888.** S. H. STRANGE.

Merchant Mills

NEW YEAR'S GREETING.

After a most prosperous year's run, during which time I have earnestly tried to merit the liberal patronage bestowed upon me, I desire to extend my thanks to the people generally for their consideration.

With the new year MR. S. H. STRANGE associates himself with me in the business, under the firm name of

J. D. McNEILL & CO.,

and we respectfully solicit, not only a continuance, but a more extended trade than ever before, believing that fair dealing, good goods and low prices will enable us to command it.

Respectfully,
J. D. McNEILL & CO.
jan 5 tf

NOTICE.

—THE—

FAYETTEVILLE NATIONAL BANK,

located in Fayetteville, in the State of North Carolina, is closing up its affairs. All note-holders and others, creditors of said Association, are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims against the Association for payment.

WM. HUSKE, Cashier.
Dated December 31, 1887. jan 5 2m

DIVIDEND NO. 34.

FAYETTEVILLE NATIONAL BANK,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Jan. 2, 1888.

At a meeting of the Directors of this Bank, a Dividend of FOUR per cent. was declared, payable on and after this date.

jan 5 2t WM. HUSKE.

J. D. WILLIAMS, President. H. W. LILLY, Vice-Prest. W. T. TAYLOR, Cashier.

The Bank of Fayetteville

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Jan. 3, 1888.

The Fayetteville National Bank has gone into voluntary liquidation and is closing up its affairs.

The Bank of Fayetteville, with a paid up capital of over

$200,000.00,

has been organized as its successor, and commenced business this day.

We solicit for the new bank a continuance of the business so liberally bestowed upon our predecessor. With ample facilities and the long experience of the management, we are confident of giving satisfaction to our customers. J. D. WILLIAMS,
jan 5 4t President.

MONEY LOANED!

In small sums of from Fifty to Two Hundred Dollars, on personal security or city real estate.

jan 5 tf A. G. BRADY.

Dividend Notice.

At a meeting of the Directors of

THE PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK,

a semi-annual dividend of FOUR per cent. on the capital stock was declared out of the profits of the past six months, payable on and after this date.

G. P. McNEILL, Cashier.
January 5, 1888. tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOUND!!

We have found the greatest prize we have ever seen in this part of the country. Now don't try to "describe it," and make belive it belongs to you.

The thing we refer to is

The Wonder-exciting Power

OF OUR

"Bargains!"

People actually cannot stay away Because it has become known that

WE ARE SELLING AT

Live and Let Live Profits.

Call and get my prices on the following goods:

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

And the unheard of Bargains in

Flour! Flour! Flour!

A. V. MAULTSBY,

69 Person Street,
jan 5 tf Fayetteville, N. C.

CHAPPED Hands and Lips

CAN BE PREVENTED OR CURED BY THE USE OF

TOILET CREAM,

—AT—

PEMBERTON & PRIOR'S.

PRIOR'S

RHEUMATIC REMEDY

IS A QUICK AND SAFE REMEDY FOR

RHEUMATISM,

—AT—

Pemberton & Prior's.

TOILET CREAM

IS FREE FROM GREASE, IS NOT STICKY, AND IS THE PLEASANTEST CURE FOR

"CHAPS."

—AT—

Pemberton & Prior's.

For 1888.

We wish our customers and the public generally happiness and prosperity during the New Year, and hope that close attention to the wants of our customers will be sufficient guarantee of our appreciation in the past, and warrant a renewed spirit of enterprise on our part in the future.

Very Truly,
A. S. HUSKE & CO.
January 5, 1888.

WANTED.

100 Good, fat, healthy Hens,
75 Good, fat, healthy Guineas,
50 Good, fat, healthy Geese,
50 Good, fat, healthy English Ducks,
25 Good, fat, healthy Muscovy Ducks,
25 Good, fat, healthy Turkeys.

We wish to purchase the above list of Fowls at market price.

A. S. HUSKE & CO.
January 5, 1888.

LOST! Between the Post Office and Harrington Hill, a dress pattern of Tricot goods, wrapped in one of W. Thornton's paper wrappings. Finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving the same at this office.
jan 5 1t

Notice of Sale under Mortgage.

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain mortgage executed by John A. Landy and wife, Isabella Landy, to B. F. Montague, which is recorded in the office of Register of Deeds of the county of Cumberland, in book B, No. 3, page 140, the following property will be sold at public auction, viz: Two tracts of land in Rockfish township, Cumberland county, joining the lands of J. T. Ritter, Neill R. Blue and others; first tract containing 346½ acres, bought of David Murphy; second tract containing 176 acres, bought of Neill R. Blue by said Landy. This land contains a good dwelling house, a fine mill and water-power, and is very suitable for farming purposes.

Place of sale, Court House door, Fayetteville, N. C. Terms of sale, one-third Cash; balance in 6 and 12 months, interest at 8 per cent.; title reserved till purchase money is paid. Time of sale, Monday, February 6th, 1888, at 12 M.

B. F. MONTAGUE, Mortgagee.
For further particulars call on
DUNCAN ROSE,
jan 2 ts Attorney for Mortgagee.

LOST.

A solid mouse colored Maltese Cat has strayed from my house on Haymount. The finder will be suitably rewarded upon returning her.

jan 5 1t G. P. McNEILL.

Mortgage Sale.

On Monday, 23rd January, 1888, I will offer at public sale, at the Court House in Fayetteville, at 12 o'clock M., a valuable tract of land in Cumberland county, N. C., containing 235 acres, known commonly as the "Harris Land," on the Morganton road, 7 miles west of Fayetteville, adjoining L. L. Worrels and others, pursuant to power of sale contained in a deed of mortgage from J. Luther to the late Neill McQueen, dated Oct. 23, 1883, and registered Feb. 9, 1884, in Register's office of Cumberland county, in Book Z, No. 3, page 394, to secure the purchase money due on said land. Terms CASH.

ELIZABETH A. McQ...
dec 22 ts pd Ad. C. T. A. of Neill...

1555062

AGRICULTURAL.

Winter Work—The Farm Workshop.

[Atlanta Bonstitution.]

Every farm should have a workship. It need not be expensive either as regards the building or the equipment. A log cabin will answer—anything that will keep out wind and rain. These last are important, for it is in bad weather when out door work is stopped, that the shop will be most used. A dirt floor is preferable, as a stove should be placed in the shop, that its occupant may be able to work in the coldest weather. A farmer is entitled to comfort as much as anybody else; in this case he can have it at at little cost. The equipments may be greater or less, according to one's means. A large oak block sawed off square, like an anvill block, is indispensable for chopping purposes. A work bench with vice—the latter may have wooden clamps with their jaws lined with plates of iron, for holding small objects; or if one can afford it, he can have a wooden clamp vice, and an iron one besides. An old anvil will be very desirable, one partly broken and worn can usually be bought cheap anywhere. In its absence a piece of steel railroad iron fastened securely to the top of a heavy block and projecting beyond its side will be found convenient. Of tools, saw, hatchet, draw-knife, hammer, chisels, brace and bits, jack plane, wood-rasp, cold chisel and punches will enable a farmer to do most of the jobs that his farm calls for. These tools need not cost much; $10 would get a very fair equipment for a farm shop. With a shop thus equipped, the farmer is prepared to utilize all rainy and very cold days most profitably. Much of the winter can be spent in it.

Let us see what he can profitably do. He can overhaul his plow stocks; a beam or handle may be broken; he can put in new ones. Extra beams and handles may be made and laid aside to meet emergencies during the busy crop season. Crooked trees and large limbs may often be found, which, sawed in two, make excellent plow handles. The plow is mentioned only as a sample. Harrows, rakes, planters, etc., can be overhauled and repaired, and duplicates made of parts most likely to wear out or give way. Pieces of ash or other wood, with suitable curve for cradle fingers, may be found, and cradles repaired, and extra fingers made and laid aside for future use; wagon bodies can be made or repaired; false bodies for hauling bulky articles, fodder frames—all such things can be attended to now, whilst little is being done on the farm, much better than they can in the crop season, when, if anything breaks, work must be stopped, valuable time lost, and repairing done hurridly and imperfectly. Young pines, with bark peeled off and laid aside to season, will make excellent hoe helves by spring. A good supply of axe and grubbing hoe handles should be provided. These are liable to break at any time, and if no extra ones are at hand the farmer is very apt, in an emergency, to go to the store and buy one. It is against this incessant buying at the store or shop that we are trying to guard the farmer. Perpetual buying is the ruin of our farmers. Much of it may be avoided by utilizing time, which they would otherwise spend in idleness, by working in a shop. Looking ahead and providing for emergencies is a most valuable habit in all business—in none more so than in farming. It saves time, it saves expenses. More than this, it secures efficient work. An implement out of repair, or imperfectly repaired (as when hurridly done) will not do good or satisfactory work.

It is true economy for the farmer to have the best tools and implements and these in the best possible condition. A hand can do more and better work with a sharp axe or a sharp hoe than he can with a dull one; and this is true of every implement used on the farm. Put all therefore in good condition now and make preparation to keep them so during crop season, having everything ready to repair quickly and perfectly should an emergency arise.

Sugar from Sorghum.

The opinion of Norman J. Colman, Commissioner of Agriculture, that the manufacture of sugar from corghum is a success, will prove of great interest to the people of this section, who are turning their attention to a great extent to the production of the cane, as it will be sure to open up a new industry to them. Mr. Colman says:

Many branches of farming that are now over-crowded can go into the sorghum sugar business, thus, relieving over-production in other lines at a profit to the whole country. This will retain in the country the $100,000,000 that are now annually sent abroad to purchase our sugar supply, a sum that will be doubled in 25 years at the present rate of development. The practical success of sugar manufacture at Fort Scott, Kansas, is beyond question. Capital is ready and eager to go into the new business. Hundreds of factories would be started if competent managers could be secured. For lack of competent managers many mistakes will be made, as farmers and capitalists will rush into the business without knowing how it ought to be conducted. Congress may build factories in some of the states for the purpose of educating men to manage this new business. I am satisfied that south of 39 degrees of latitude sorghum mills will be as common as flour mills, for they do not cost any more, for $25,000 to $30,000 will build a mill capable of making from 15,000 to 20,000 lbs. of sugar from sorghum daily. This is a promising work for the experiment station to take hold of. The chemistry of sugar should be taught in all the colleges and stations.

A Mistake Some Farmers Make.

[E. City Carolinian.]

Too many who start out as farmers make the mistake of going too largely in debt. One of the requisites for safe and profitable agriculture is a floating capital in addition to the fixed one invested in land and buildings. If a man has 150 acres of land clear and no money besides, as a rule it would be better for him to sell 50 acres for cash simply to use the money so obtained in the business, for the farmer is handicapped who cannot buy enough of good tools, is not able to furnish his house with labor-saving implements, nor get the cash prices for what he must sell, such as seed, stock, etc. And he should be above the necessity of selling his crops until he is sure they are going to the best market.

This lack of capital hampers many besides poor farmers. It hinders as well the comparatively wealthy who invest all they have in land and fail to provide ready [illegible] emergencies and in daily business. Better, much better, have less and more floating capital.

An Illinoise farmer gives his hogs red pepper tea on their showing symptoms of cholera, and claims that this has always proved an effectual cure, and that he has never lost a poker so treated, while his neighbors have suffered seriously by the disease.

Nothing Like Lemons.

[Farm and Fireside.]

Every part of the tree is valuable in medicine, though we rarely employ any of it but its fruit—that is, the lemon itself. And everyone knows how to employ this in a lemonade: To squeeze the juice into cold water (this is the shortest way), or to cut it into slices and let soak in cold water, or to cut into slices and then boil. Either way is good. Lemonade is one of the best and safest drinks for any person, whether in health or not. It is suitable to all stomach diseases, is excellent in sickness—in cases of jaundice, gravel, liver complaints, inflammation of the bowels and fevers. It is a specific against worms and skin diseases. The pippins crushed may also be mixed with lemons and sugar and used as a drink. Lemon juice is the best anti-scorbutic remedy known. It not only cures the disease, but prevents it. Sailors make a daily use of it for this purpose. A physician suggests the rubbing of the gums daily with lemon juice to keep them in health. The hands and nails are also kept clean, white, soft and supple by the daily use of lemons instead of soap. It also prevents chilblains. Lemon is used in intermittent fevers, mixed with strong, hot, black tea or coffee, without sugar. Neuralgia may be cured by rubbing the part affected with a lemon. It is valuable also to cure warts and to destroy dandruff on the head by rubbing the root of the hair with it. In fact, its uses are manifold, and the more we employ it externally the better we find ourselves. Natural remedies are the best, and nature is our best doctor, if we would only listen to her teaching. Rub your hands, head and gums with it, and drink lemonade in preference to all other liquids.

A Wondreul Freak.

[St. Louis Post Dispatch.]

A most remarkable freak of nature, at Chattahoochee, Fla., is attracting great attention, and hundreds of people are coming miles to see it. At Barney Hill, a small colored settlement, ten miles from here, a colored woman some weeks ago gave birth to a boy child that nearly scared them all to death. The infant was healthy and well developed when born and has continued in good condition since but the strangest part is its color. It is divided into two halves as it were, one representing the Caucasion and the other the African race. One side from the centre of its forehead down, is as black as coal, while the other is equally white and fair. Another monstrous freak of the same nature is shown by the fact that the Caucasian side has thick lips and flat nose kinky hair an black eye—in fact, all the African characteristics— while the dark side has fair and good features, blue eye and soft, silky hair. It is in perfect health and grows fat.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advice to the Aged.

Age brings infirmities, such as sluggish bowels, weak kidneys and bladder and torpid liver.

Tutt's Pills

have a specific effect on these organs, stimulating the bowels, giving natural discharges without straining or griping, and

IMPARTING VIGOR

to the kidneys, bladder and liver. They are adapted to old or young.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

mar 24 1y

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR

A SPECIFIC FOR

WOMAN'S DISEASES

—SUCH AS—

Painful Profuse Suppressed Scanty and Irregular MENSTRUATION or MONTHLY SICKNESS.

If taken during the CHANGE OF LIFE, great suffering and danger will be avoided. ☞ Send for book "MESSAGE TO WOMEN," mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SOUTHERN

School of Telegraphy,

AT LIBERTY, N. C.

The undersigned has opened a school at the above place for the purpose of teaching Telegraphy. I have devoted several years to the business, and have practical experience in Railroad and Commercial Telegraphy.

This is the only school in the South that devotes itself exclusively to the practical training of young men and women in this business, which is now one of the most important in the business world. To those who may avail themselves of this opportunity, if they complete the course, I shall see to it that situations are given them as fast as possible.

Our hall is complete, and is supplied with all necessary instruments. The board is cheap, and my prices are low—only $35 for full course. Clubs at reduced rates.

For further information apply to

H. C. GLOSSON,
nov 17 2m pd Liberty, N. C.

Notice of Sale Under Mortgage.

By virtare of the power and authority given by a certain mortgage, executed by Thomas J. Council to E. L. Pemberton, which is recorded in the office of Register of Deeds for the County of Cumberland, in book R. No. 3, page 589, the following property will be sold at public auction, viz: A certain tract of land lying and being in said county of Cumberland, and joining the lands of John McArthur, Cashwell and others. For description by metes and bounds see said mortgage. This land consists of rich swamp bottoms, and is well suited for farming purposes. Partly cleared and under cultivation. Place of sale Market House, Fayetteville, N. C.; time of sale, Monday, January 16th, 1888, at 12 M.; Terms of sale, cash. E. L. PEMBERTON,
By DUNCAN ROSE, Mortgagee.
Attorney. dec 15-ts.

"OLD CAVENDISH."

The Best

TOBACCO

on the market

without regard to price, at

A. MOORE'S

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall street, New York.

For sale by A. S. BUSKE & CO.
feb 24, mar 3 1y

WANTED!

50,000 Bushels Wheat,

For which we will pay CASH or give Flour in exchange.

E. G. Styron & Co.,

Proprietors Carolina Roller Mills.

nov 3 tf

TOBACCO.

I am manufacturing and have on hand PURE TOBACCO grown by Mr. John Kirkpatrick and myself. I use licorice and sugar prepared with all the appliances now used. I use no *cheap* adulterations. My brands for Plug are

"RAY" "GILT EDGE" "PINE TOP"

And for Twist,

"SWAMP ANGEL."

No factory is more careful than mine, at Reg. No 232, in keeping every department of it in strict tidiness. Orders will receive prompt attention and be filled at much lower prices than have been paid by dealers, as I am just starting and wish dealers to try my goods. As early as the season and weather will permit, I will resume manufacturing for some of my neighbors, who have fine Leaf on hand, one and two years old.

dec 8 tf R. M. ORRELL.

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned having this day qualified as Administrator of Charles M. Autry, deceased, hereby gives notice that all persons indebted to said estate must make immediate payment. All persons having claims against said estate must present them to the undersigned, duly authenticated, on or before Dec. 7th, 1888, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. JAS. D. McNEILL,
Dec. 7th, 1887. 6t Administrator.

EXCELSIOR COOK STOVES

ALWAYS SATISFACTORY

EIGHTEEN SIZES AND KINDS

ALL PURCHASERS CAN BE SUITED

MANUFACTURED BY

Isaac A. Sheppard & Co., Baltimore, Md.

AND FOR SALE BY

McMILLAN BROS,
mar 24-1y Fayetteville, N. C.

To Builders and Others.

Finished Flooring, Beaded or Plain Ceiling, Planed Posts, Rails and Palings any length. All the latest patterns of Mouldings furnished on short notice at lowest prices.

ALL KINDS OF BUILDERS HARDWARE.

Estimates given. Orders solicited from abroad.
Address WALTER WATSON,
apl 7-tf Fayetteville, N. C.

THOS. M. HUNTER, D. D. S.,

OFFERS HIS PROFESsional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

OFFICE:

North-east corner Market Square.

April 29, 1880. tf

"Get Ready."

Before the cold weather comes, get out your Heating Stoves and have them put in order. See that new grates, fire pots and pipe have taken the place of the burned out parts. With a large supply of

COAL

on hand, we are prepared to keep you comfortable.

Have Your Stoves Repaired.

We have a full line of

Cooking and Heating Stoves

on hand, and will sell them at prices to suit the times.

Call and see the nicest line of BRASS GOODS ever shown in this market:

BRASS

Fire Dogs, Fenders, Shovels,
Tongs, Pokers, Spark Fenders, &c.

☞ Fenders to suit any size fire place.

McMILLAN BROS.
oct 6 tf

CAROLINA Roller Mills.

FLOUR and MEAL.

Depository and office in Williams Building.

E. G. STYRON & CO.,
oct 13 1y Proprietors.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

FAYETTEVILLE

Sewing Machine and Music House.

ORGANS $30, $40, $45, $55, $65 to $100.
NEW MACHINES $25, $30 and $40.
OLD MACHINES $8 to $10.

☞ Staybright Polish, for Furniture.

MACHINES AND ORGANS REPAIRED.

june 23 1y J. H. FARRAR, Agt.

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLES,

Rear LaFayette Hotel,

W. D. GASTER, Agt., Proprietor.

Best arrangements for Drovers. Good dry sheds and best water facilities. Special attention given to boarding Horses. Fine Double and Single Turn-outs. Good Saddle Horses for gentlemen and ladies.

☞ Baggage transferred to any part of the city. nov 17 tf

Merchant Mills Prices.

Until further notice, the following prices will speak for themselves. Should grain decline I'll "keep up with the procession."

THE BEST FAMILY FLOUR,	$6.00
EXTRA NICE FAMILY FLOUR,	5.50
EXTRA NICE BREAD MEAL, (NEW CROP),	.65
WHITE CORN,	.68
MIXED CORN,	.65
SEED WHEAT,	1.25
STOCK MEAL—CORN, PEAS, OATS,	.65
STOCK MEAL—CRACKED CORN AND OATS,	.60

Especial attention is called to my specialty—first-class Feed for Horses and Milch Cows—Corn, Peas and Oats ground together. One trial will convince anyone of its merits.

Respectfully,
JAS. D. McNEILL.

PATENTS,

Caveats, Re-issues and Trade Marks secured, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office or before the Courts promptly and carefully attended to.

Upon receipt of MODEL OR SKETCH *of invention, I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability* FREE OF CHARGE.

FEES MODERATE, and I make NO CHARGE UNLESS PATENT IS SECURED. Information, advice and special references sent on application.

J. R. LITTELL, Washington, D. C.
Opp. U. S. Patent Office. oct 27 tf

ALEX. McNEILL. JAS. H. McNEILL.

A. McNEILL & SON,

GODWIN'S, N. C.,

Manufacturers of Naval Stores

AND DEALERS IN

General Merchandise.

oct 27 6m

BROWN & RODDICK.

Closing Out at COST!

OUR FAYETTEVILLE BRANCH.

Owing to the increase of business in our Wilmington store for the past year, we find it impossible to give our branch in Fayetteville the personal superintendence really necessary, our undivided, individual attention being really necessary in Wilmington. After due consideration we have made up our minds to mark the whole stock down to COST and close it out. THIS IS NO ADVERTISING RUSE;

We Will Do Just as We Say.

We are sorry to add that we are induced more particularly to this step, at this time, owing to the delicate health of our Superindent, Mr. Jas. Corbett, who feels it really necessary for him to make a change.

A WORD TO WHOLESALE BUYERS.

We will close out the WHOLE SOTCK, or any part in lots, at prices that cannot fail to attract attention. Easy Terms will be given those who can give satisfactorily endorsed paper.

TO RETAIL PATRONS

We have gone carefully over each article in the store and marked the reduced price in plain RED figures, which will show for themselves that we are in THOROUGH earnest.

SALE TO COMMENCE

Thursday, Nov. 3, 1887.

Now is Your Time to Secure BARGAINS.

☞ It will pay to buy now and lay them aside until you require them.

PLAID SILKS,

34 cents per yard; worth 60 cents.

Fine Black Gros Grain Silks,

90 cts.; good value for $1.25.

All Dress Goods

Reduced Away Down

3¼c. 4c. Calicoes 5c. 5½c.

Ladies' Light-weight Wraps, $2.50.

Beautifully trimmed with Silk, Gimp and Spanish Lace; worth $10.00.

LADIES' AND MISSES' CLOAKS, JACKETS AND NEWMARKETS

Cheaper than you have ever seen them.

CASSIMERES and SCOTCH TWEEDS,

For men and Boys, at much less prices than formerly.

The above are only a few of the Great Bargains we are offering this time. Our space will admit of no more at present.

BROWN & RODDICK,
nov 10 tf Fayetteville, N. C.

DR. G. W. NORTH,

Surgical and Mechanical Dentist,

will remain in his office from now till about April. Thankful for past friendship, he will try and continue making Setts of Teeth and doing Dental work at New York prices.

DR. G. W. NORTH.
Fayetteville, N. C., Dec. 1, 1887. 4t

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Fine Mountain Beef.

I am daily expecting a large lot of fine Mountain Beef. Parties who wish to make

CORNED BEEF

Will do well to leave their orders.

GOOD BEEF

AND FRESH, HOME-MADE SAUSAGE

Always on hand.

I will also buy | I will also buy

HIDES,

And pay the highest market price.

☞ Fresh Beef every day. Call at the Market, on

W. H. TOMLINSON.
oct 20 tf

IMPROVED FACILITIES

FOR

Ginning Cotton.

The Fayetteville Cotton Seed Oil Mill Company

have added to their former Plant an additional Engine to run their Cotton Gins. The Company is now prepared to gin cotton with expedition, in the best manner, on as reasonable terms as any Gin here or elsewhere, and deliver in merchantable order, promptly, at any point in town. The Company solicits a share of the patronage of planters. They will buy, daily, Cotton in the Seed at the Gins, and also Cotton Seed, for which the highest market prices will be paid.

ROGER S. WILLIAMS is in charge of the Gins, and N. B. ALEXANDER the Oil Mill, and will be at the Mill regularly every business day through the season.

J. D. WILLIAMS,
President.

Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 8th, 1887. tf

WALTER WATSON

—IS—

HEADQUARTERS

—FOR—

Engine and Saw Mill Supplies.

Rubber Belting,

Leather Belting,

Lacing and

Belt Fastenings

Of all kinds, at

MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

ESTIMATES AND CORRECT MEASUREMENTS

Given for

Machinery and Machinery Supplies.

☞ Write for prices.

WALTER WATSON.
oct 13 tf

H. McD. ROBINSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

☞ Collections a specialty. Prompt attention given to all business.
may 26 1y

A. GARRASON,

—DEALER IN—

HEAVY and FANCY GROCERIES,

General Family Supplies,

HAY STREET,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

aug 13 131-tf

E. A. POE,

Manufacturer of BRICK,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

☞ Remember, I make the best Brick made in the State. apl 21 tf

W. J. McDONALD, JR.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Liquors and Wines

—JOBBER IN—

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

No. 4 Green Street.

dec 1 tf

NOTICE.

Wishing to change my business, I desire to sell 20 head of Mules and Horses, 10 Timber and Road Wagons, a fine yoke of Oxen, 10 Brood Sows with Pigs, and a considerable quantity of Harness, Plows, Carts, &c. I also wish to lease for a term of years 2 two-horse farms and 1 three-horse farms; also wish to sell 112 acres of good farming land. All the farms in good condition, and very desirable, healthy location in 71st township, 3 to 10 miles west of Fayetteville. Terms liberal. Apply to

JOHN McDUFFIE.
dec 15 3t

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE CENTURY MAGAZINE.

WITH the November, 1887, issue THE CENTURY commences its thirty-fifth volume with a regular circulation of almost 225,000. The War Papers and the Life of Lincoln increased its monthly edition by 100,000. The latter history having recounted the events of Lincoln's early years, and giving the necessary survey of the political condition of the country, reaches a new period, with which his secretaries were most intimately acquainted. Under the caption

Lincoln in the War,

the writers now enter into the more important part of their narrative, viz.: the early years of the War and President Lincoln's part therein.

Supplementary War Papers,

following the "battle series" by distinguished generals, will describe interesting features of army life, tunneling from Libby Prison, narratives of personal adventure, etc. General Sherman will write on "The Grand Strategy of the War."

Kenan on Siberia.

Except the Life of Lincoln and the War Articles, no more important series has ever been undertaken by THE CENTURY than this of Mr. Kenan's. With the previous preparation of four years' travel and study in Russia and Siberia, the author undertook a journey of 15,000 miles for the special investigation here required. An introduction from the Russian Minister of the Interior admitted him to the principal mines and prisons, where he became acquainted with some three hundred State exiles.—Liberals, Nihilists, and others,—and the series will be a startling as well as accurate revelation of the exile system. The many illustrations by the artist and photographer, Mr. George A. Frost, who accompanied the author, will add greatly to the value of the articles.

A Novel by Eggleston

with illustrations will run through the year. Shorter novels will follow by Cable and Stockton. Shorter fictions will appear every month.

Miscellaneous Features

will comprise several illustrated articles on Ireland, by Charles De Kay; papers touching the field of the Sunday School Lessons, illustraied by E. L. Wilson; wild Western life, by Theodore Roosevelt; the English Cathedrals, by Mrs. Van Rensselaer, with illustrations by Pennell; Dr. Buckley's valuable papers on Dreams, Spiritualism, and Clairvoyance; essays in criticism, art, travel, and biography; poems; cartoons; etc.

By a special offer the numbers for the past year (containing the Lincoln history) may be secured with the year's subscription from November, 1887, twenty-four issues in all, for $6.00; or, with the last year's numbers handsomely bound, $7.50.

Published by THE CENTURY Co., 33 East 17th Street, New York.

A. GARRASON.

FRUITS:

Foreign, Domestic and Canned.

CANDY.

ROYSTER'S

(Fresh and Best.)

GROCERIES:

FROM

Beef Tongue to Side Meat.,

FROM

GRANULATED MEAL to GAMBRILL'S FLOUR,

FROM

Macaroni and Cheese

TO

MUSTARD and PICKLES,

TOBACCO, CIGARS and SNUFF.

Call early and often.

apl 7 tf

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REMEMBER, YOU WILL

Find First-class, Fine, Fresh, Flavored, Fancy

Family Groceies,

PROVISIONS, FRUITS, NUTS and CANDIES, at

R. T. SCANLIN'S,

Agent, No. 47 Person Street.

feb 3 tf

IMPORTANT SALE

—OF—

Real Estate.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court, made upon petition for partition, filed by Alex Gilchrist and others, I, as Commissioner appointed by said Court, will, on Thursday, January 19th, 1888, at 11 o'clock, at the Market House in Fayetteville, expose to sale by public auction the following real estate, viz:

1. THE GILCHRIST STORE, on north side of Hay street in Fayetteville, now used as Book Store.

2. A House and Lot on the south west corner of Rowan and Arch streets, about 50 feet x 165 feet.

3. A House and Lot adjoining above and west of it, say about 132 feet x 165 feet.

4. A House and Lot east of Blount's creek and on south side of Grove street, adjoining Hawley and others.

5. A House and Lot on north side of Rowan street and west of Turner's alley, about 132 feet x 330 feet.

6. A House and Lot on north side of Moore street and fronting about 65 feet on Moore street, adjoining Faulk and others.

7. An undivided interest in about 3,000 to 4,000 acres of Land on McPherson's creek, 71st township, commonly known as "The McKellar Land." The interest that was formerly John McKellar's will be sold.

The purchasers at said sale will be required to pay one-third of their bids in cash and to give notes bearing eight per cent. from day of sale for balance, to be paid in six and twelve months, and the title will be retained until all is paid.

ALEXANDER McARTHUR,
dec 22-ts Commissioner.

Express Steamboat Co.

THE STEAMER D. MURCHISON,

CAPT. J. C. SMITH,

will, on and after April 1st, leave Fayetteville on

Tuesdays and Fridays at 8 o'clock.

Returning, will leave Wilmington at

2 P. M. Wednesdays and 12 M. Saturdays.

☞ Freight and passenger accommodations first-class.

A. B. WILLIAMS,
Agent, Fayetteville, N. C.
WILLIAMS & MURCHISON,
mar 24-tf Agents, Wilmington, N. C.

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned having qualified before the Clerk of the Superior Court of Cumberland county, N. C., as Administratrix with the will annexed upon the estate of the late Neill McQueen, hereby notifies all persons having claims against the decedent to present the same to her on or before the first day of January, 1889, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment.

ELIZABETH A. McQUEEN,
Ad. C. T. A. of Neill McQueen.
dec 22 6t pd

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE

Aurora Watch

Is emphatically the best Watch made for the price.

—THE—

Aurora Watch

Is the most carefully and accurately made Watch, and is a first-class time keeper.

—o-o—

Warren Prior & Son

Are stockholders in the AURORA Watch Factory, and Selling agents for the AURORA Watch Co

—o-o—

—SELECT YOUR—

WEDDING RING

—AND—

Bridal Presents

—OF—

PRIOR,

THE JEWELER.

feb 1 tf

CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE NO. 29.

Taking effect at 5:00 A. M., Monday, Dec. 19, 1887.

TRAINS MOVING NORTH.

	Passenger and Mail.	Frght. & Accom'n.
Leave Bennettsville,	8:30 a. m.	1:30 p. m.
Arrive Maxton,	9:40 a. m.	3:35 p. m.
Leave Maxton,	9:57 a. m.	4:15 p. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	11:50 a. m.	8:10 p. m.
Leave Fayetteville,	12:05 p. m.	8:20 a. m.
Arrive Sanford,	2:17 p. m.	12:20 p. m.
Leave Sanford,	2:40 p. m.	1:33 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro,	6:00 p. m.	7:45 p. m.
Leave Greensboro,	10:10 a. m.	
Arrive Pilot Mountain,	3:00 p. m.	

Passenger and Mail No. 1—dinner at Sanford.
Passenger and Mail No. 11—dinner at Germanton.

TRAINS MOVING SOUTH.

	Passenger and Mail.	Frght. & Accom'n.
Leave Pilot Mountain,	4:10 p. m.	
Arrive Greensboro,	8:30 p. m.	
Leave Greensboro,	10:00 a. m.	7:45 a. m.
Arrive Sanford,	1:30 p. m.	2:15 p. m.
Leave Sanford,	1:50 p. m.	3:15 p. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	4:15 p. m.	7:05 p. m.
Leave Fayetteville,	4:30 p. m.	5:30 a. m.
Arrive Maxton,	6:27 p. m.	9:00 a. m.
Leave Maxton,	6:40 p. m.	9:45 a. m.
Arrive Bennettsville,	8:00 p. m.	12:00 noon

Passenger and Mail No. 2—dinner at Sanford.

Factory Branch—Freight and Accommodation.

TRAIN MOVING NORTH.

Leave Millboro	8:05 a. m.	4:25 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro	9:40 a. m.	6:00 p. m.

TRAIN MOVING SOUTH.

Leave Greensboro	1:30 p. m.	
Leave Factory Junction	2:30 p. m.	5:35 p. m.
Arrive Millboro	3:15 p. m.	6:15 p. m.

Passenger and Mail Trains run daily except Sunday.

Freight and Accomadation Train runs from Fayetteville to Bennettsville and return on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; from Fayetteville to Greensboro on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and from Greensboro to Fayetteville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Trains on Factory Branch run daily except Sunday.

W. E. KYLE,
General Passenger Agent.
J. W. FRY, General Superintendent.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.

AND BRANCHES.

Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Dated Dec. 27, 1886.	No. 48. Daily.	No. 40. Daily.
Leave Weldon	2 15 P. M.	5 38 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	3 33 "	.....
Arrive Tarboro	4 50 P. M.	.....
Leave Tarboro	11 30 P. M.	.....
Arrive Wilson	4 05 P. M.	6 58 P. M.
Leave Wilson	4 03 "	.....
Arrive Selma	5 40 "	.....
Arrive Fayetteville	7 45 "	.....
Leave Goldsboro	4 54 "	7 40 "
Leave Warsaw	5 54 "	.....
Leave Burgaw	7 00 "	.....
Arrive Wilmington	7 50 "	9 55 P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 47, Daily.	No. 42, Daily.
Leave Wilmington	8 50 A. M.	8 50 P. M.
Leave Burgaw	9 34 "	9 50 "
Leave Warsaw	10 37 "	10 57 "
Arrive Goldsboro	11 35 "	11 58 "
Leave Fayetteville	8 30 "	.....
Arrive Selma	10 47 "	.....
Arrive Wilson	11 59 "	.....
Leave Wilson	12 25 P. M.	12 51 A. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	12 40 "	.....
Arrive Tarboro	4 50 P. M.	.....
Leave Tarboro	11 30 A. M.	.....
Arrive Weldon	2 35 P. M.	2 70 A. M.

A Freight and Passenger train on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday leaves Smithfield at 6 a. m. and arrives at Fayetteville at 10 a. m. Leaves Fayetteville at 3:40 p. m.; arrives at Smithfield at 6:50 p. m.

Freight and Passenger Train on Monday, Wednesday and Friday leaves Smithfield at 7:30 a. m. and arrives at Wilson at 10:00 a. m. Leaves Wilson at 3:25 p. m. and arrives at Smithfield at 5:30 p. m.

Passenger Train north from Fayetteville connects with R. & D. R. R. at Selma for Raleigh and Greensboro.

Train on Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Halifax for Scotland Neck at 3.00 P. M. Returning leaves Scotland Neck at 9.30 A. M., daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., via Albermarle & Raleigh R. R. Daily except Sunday, 6.00 P. M., Sunday 5.00 P. M., arrive Williamston, N. C., 8.10 P. M., 6.40 P. M. Returning leaves Williamston, N. C., Daily except Sunday, 8.00 A. M., Sunday 9.50 A. M. arrive Tarboro, N. C., 10.05 A. M., 11.30 A. M.

Train on Midland, N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C. Daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M., arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.00 P. M. Returning leaves Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 A. M., arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.00 A. M.

Southbound Train on Wilson & Fayetteville Branch is No. 50. Northbound is No. 51.

Train No. 40 South will stop only at Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia.

Train No. 47 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line.

Trains make close connection for all points North via Richmond and Washington

All Trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pullman Palace Sleepers attached.

J. R. KENLY, Sup't Trans. JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't.

T. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.